PUBLISHED FRIDAY MORNING
BY
BUEHLER & CO.,
altimore st. between Court-house and Diamond,
Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXXI. NO. 4. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1870. WHOLE NO. 3644.

Professional Cards, &c.

JOHN C ZOUCK, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Collector of Book Accounts, Promissory Notes, Judgment Notes, Mortgages, &c., and prompt returns made. Also attends to writing Deeds, Mortgages, Judgments, Notes, Agreements, &c. New Oxford, Adams county, Pa. Dec. 9, 1870.—3m*

WM. M'CLEAN. H. B. WOODS.

McCLEAN & WOODS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.

OFFICE.—On Baltimore Street, same heretofore occupied by the late firm of M. & W. McClean. Nov. 18, 1870.—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. June 13, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug Store, Chambersburg street. Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to. Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States. June 13, 1869—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business trusted to his care. Office between Fahnestocks' and Danner & Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care. Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court-house. May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square. May 29, 1867—tf

D. R. H. S. HUBER, South-east corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, opposite COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL. June 11, 1869—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., DENTIST, Office on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the EAGLE HOTEL, Gettysburg, Pa. ☞Having been in constant practice over 20 years patients can be assured of good work. July 9, 1867—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, DENTIST. Having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in the old "*sentinel*" office, S. E. corner, Centre Square, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. July 30, 1869—tf

Hotels and Restaurants.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Corner of Chambersburg and Washington Sts

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞An Omnibus for Passengers and Baggage run to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Railroad Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges. [May 29, 1867.—tf

KEYSTONE HOTEL,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, Proprietor.
NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please.—This Hotel now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 23, 1867—tf

NEW HOTEL.
HARRIS HOUSE,
BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a Hotel, the HARRIS HOUSE, in the lately enlarged and handsome three-story Brick Building, on Baltimore street, two doors from the Court-house, Gettysburg, Pa., and is provided with accommodations for the comfortable entertainment of a large number of guests. His experience in business warrants him in promising satisfaction in every case, and he feels certain that those who stop with him once will call again. Charges moderate.

His Table will always be supplied with the best the Gettysburg and Baltimore markets may afford, while the Bar will have the choicest wines, liquors, ales, &c.

He also has ample Stabling, with a good Hostler in attendance.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be spared to deserve it. W. P. HARRIS. April 15, 1870.—tf

UNION HOTEL.
[FORMERLY THE WHITE HALL,]
YORK SPRINGS, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has leased this long established and popular Hotel, in Petersburg, (York Springs Borough.) The Hotel is pleasantly located in the most business part of the town. His table will be supplied with the best that the market can afford and the Bar with the choicest Liquors. There is also excellent Stabling, with attentive hostlers. This Hotel is the office of the Gettysburg and Mechanicsburg Stage Line, also the York Springs and New Oxford line. The former arrives here at 1 P. M., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from Mechanicsburg, for Gettysburg; returning at 10 A. M., on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays to the York Springs line leaves the Hotel daily at 6 A. M., for New Oxford, returning at 4 P. M. He feels satisfied that his long experience in business will enable him to let none go away dissatisfied, who may patronize him. Charges moderate. Boarders taken by the week on reasonable terms.

E. F. KITTINGER, *Proprietor.*
York Springs, Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

Photograph Galleries.

TIPTON & MYERS'
EXCELSIOR GALLERIES
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Make all styles of Pictures from minature to life-size, including the

"REMEMBRANDTS"
OR SHADOW PICTURES,
Photographs Finished in Oil,
WATER COLORS, OR INDIA INK,
Views of the Battle-field!
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

☞Always a large and well selected stock of Frames, Albums, Stereoscopes, Cord, Tassels, &c. Always on hand. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Dec. 7, 1870.—tf

Business Cards.

PRIME OYSTERS
JOHN GRUEL,
Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa., next door to Eagle Hotel,
Has always on hand the very
BEST OYSTERS,
which can be commanded in the market, which will be served up in any style desired. He has special accommodations for LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. Give him a call.
☞Also, always on hand a large assortment of Confections, Cakes, Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Toys, &c. Nov. 4, 1870.—tf

NEW BUSINESS.
Upholstering & Trimming.
WILLIAM E. CULP

HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for covering
SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate. Dec. 17—tf

BLACKSMITHING.
B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.
REPAIRING of all kinds. Give us a Call.
April 30, 1869—tf

COOPERING.
PETER CULP
Has commenced the
COOPERING BUSINESS
in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of
MEAT VESSELS,
CROUT STANDS,
PICKEL STANDS,
TUBS,
FLOUR BARRELS.
I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call. [Aug. 13, 1869—tf

GRANITE YARD,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.
PETER BEITLER
Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—
Curbing, Sills, Steps,
ASHLERS, POSTS, MONUMENTS, CEMETERY BLOCKS, &C., &C.,
cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.
☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to. June 3—tf

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!
ROBERT D. ARMOR,
Gas Fitter, Plumber and Bell Hanger,
Can be found at his residence on corner of East Middle and Stratton streets,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Will promptly attend to all orders in his line.—Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE
furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights, &c.; also, WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [April 29, 1870—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.
THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand.
Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
All kinds of
CRACKERS, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c.,
constantly baked and always to be had fresh.
With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.
April 9, 1869—tf HALTZER NEWPORT.

STEAM SAW MILL.
THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL at the South Mountain, near Graefenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of
White Oak, Pine, Hemlock,
or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures
Shingles, Pailings, &c.
LUMBER
delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES.—3 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payment, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.
All letters should be addressed to him at Graefenburg P. O. Adams county, Pa.
Oct. 29, 1869—tf HENRY MILTENBERGER.

GUNSMITHING!
BATTLE-FIELD RELICS!
Canes, Shells, Bullets!
E. WOODWARD
Would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large assortment of Relics gathered on the Gettysburg Battle field.
Gunsmithing attended to with promptness and all work warranted.
Give us a call at our place of business on Carlisle street, (McConaughy's Hall,) near the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa. [July 29, 1870.—tf

JEREMIAH CULP,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
UNDERTAKER
AND PAPER-HANGER,
is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms,
COFFINS of all Styles.
He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
Signs and Fancy Sign Painting executed to order.
☞On York street, a few doors east of Lutheran Church. May 27, 1868—tf

The Star and Sentinel is the best advertising medium in Adams county.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

Fahnestock Brothers.
FALL & WINTER
GOODS.
Dry Goods, Hardware,
QUEENSWARE, CARPET,
Groceries, Cedarware,
IRON, PAINTS, &c.

FURS are cheap this season at Fahnestock's.

DRESS GOODS—all the new styles and in every variety at Fahnestock's.

COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS and NEEDLE WORK—the largest stock ever in town at Fahnestock's.

SHAWLS of all kinds and prices at Fahnestock's.

CHRISTMAS GOODS at Fahnestock's.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c., latest style at Fahnestock's.

CALICOS—best at 12½ cents at Fahnestock's.

WATER-PROOF CLOTH from $1.00 yard up at Fahnestock's.

RIBBONS and DRESS TRIMMINGS at Fahnestock's.

GLOVES in large assortment at Fahnestock's.

Nov. 18, 1870—tf

J. L. SCHICK,
has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS,
that has been brought to Gettysburg this Spring which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.
May 6, 1870—tf.

NEW FIRM.
REBERT & BUSHMAN,
Dry Goods, Carpets, Glassware, &c.

THE firm of Robert & Elliott having been dissolved, it is succeeded by REBERT & BUSHMAN, who will continue the Mercantile business at the old stand, on Baltimore street, opposite the Court house, Gettysburg. The junior partner has for years been employed as salesman in the store of J. L. Schick, and therefore brings to his new position an experience in the business possessed by few.
The stock now offered, owing to large additions of the newest and latest styles and patterns of Goods, is one of rare attractiveness, and cannot fail to please, whilst their prices, having bought to the best advantage, will also be found satisfactory. The inducements they offer cannot be excelled in the town or county. They make a specialty of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
an invite attention to the assortment they now offer, promising at the same time to continue it up to the highest standard.
FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,
they offer a large and varied stock, and feel certain that all who come can be suited in goods and price.
DOMESTICS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, &c., &c., will always be found in full variety, with the best chances offered to buyers.
Upholstering will be done to render satisfaction, and thus earn a liberal share of public patronage, which they respectfully solicit.
Nov. 25, 1870.—tf ADAM REBERT,
JOHN H. BUSHMAN.

NEW
Fall and Winter Goods
AT GRIEST & BOWERS,
York Springs, Pa.
MOTTO—"Quick Sales, Small Profits and Quick Returns."

THE undersigned, having just returned from the city of Philadelphia, after the citizens of York Springs and elsewhere, a well selected STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of Dry Goods, Notions, Fancy Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Drugs, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Furs, Oil Cloths, &c., &c. We offer as specialties, at great reduced prices, LADIES' FURS, DRESS GOODS and WOOLEN HOSIERY.
Please remember that cash brings better bargains than long credits, and frequent settlements make long friends.
We have a large lot of ready-made OVERCOATS, to be sold cheap for this vicinity, which will be sold at the lowest possible figures.
Thankful for past favors, and with attention to business and a disposition to please, we solicit a continuance of public patronage.
GRIEST & BOWERS.
Oct. 28, 1870.—tf

T. R. COVER. A. RAFFENSPERGER.
NEW FIRM.
ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm name of COVER & RAFFENSPERGER, call the attention of their friends and the public generally to their splendid assortment of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware, Queensware,
all of which have been purchased in a falling market for cash, and which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest figures. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
☞A lot of good Hardy Fish.
TOBIAS R. COVER.
A. RAFFENSPERGER.
Arendtsville, Pa., April 15, 1870.—tf

Tailoring.

MEAT MARKET!!
NEW FIRM!
GEO. B. STOVER & THAD. G. WIRE.

HAVING entered into partnership in the Butchering business, will carry it on in all branches. All kinds of
Fresh Meat Every Day.
Beef every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Pork every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday morning.
Market stand at Gen. D. Wagner's residence on Chambersburg street.
Thankful for the short but liberal patronage they have received, they hope by strict attention to their calling to merit a continuance of the same.
Call and see us. We will please you.
STOVER & WIRE.
Aug. 13, 1869—tf

Medical.

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON,
Physician of this celebrated Institution, has discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all
DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE,
Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys, or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight, or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secret and solitary practices, more fatal to their victims, than the songs of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes, or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.
YOUNG MEN
especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands or young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.
MARRIAGE.
Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency,) Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other disqualification, speedily relieved.
He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidentially rely upon his skill as a physician.
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER,
Immediately Cured, and Full Vigor Restored.
This distressing affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences.—Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny, that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those failing into improper habits, than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, and Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.
A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.
Relief in Six Hours: No Mercury!
Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders, and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.
DR. JOHNSTON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London. Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being startled at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.
TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.
These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.
MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.
Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.
YOUNG MEN
who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are rightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.
What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and employments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating
MARRIAGE,
reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage. The prospect hourly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed in despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.
DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.
When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has inhaled the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease makes their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to that undiscovered country, "from whence no traveler returns."
It is melancholy fact, that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through failing into the hands of Ignorant or Unskillful PRETENDERS, who by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewed state of health, are troubled with some of the following complaints, which are but few of the many that are the result of the use of Mercury, viz: Rheumatism, Scrofula, Ulcerations of the Throat, Nose or Legs, Nodes on the Shin Bones and Arms, Pains in the Head and Bones, Blotches on the Head, Face and Extremities, Falling of the Hair and Nails, Progressive Consumption or Pulmonation of the Lungs, and Dyspepsia, which arisings as they often do, from the use of Mercury, poisons the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are languishing in the Horrors of Despondency, Despair, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions, Fears, or any of the distressing symptoms of Weakness, will find Immediate Relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
☞For sale in Gettysburg, Pa., by A. D. BUEHLER, Agent. [Feb. 12, 1870.—1yeo]

The Star and Sentinel.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

FRIENDSHIP.

Amid the change which winter brings,
On hill and valley, leaf and flower,
How sweet's Joy from friendship springs,
To cheer us when the tempests lower.

Again fair summer's passed away,
With gay parterre and verdant bower,
But Friendship still asserts her way,
To cheer us when the tempests lower.

Though war still reigns through foreign land,
And Prussia's tyrant boasts his power,
When America victorious stand,
To cheer us when the tempest lower.

Should sorrow dark our footsteps trace,
And blighted be each cherished flower,
Still Friendship, with a fond embrace,
Will shield us when the tempests lower.

But there's a bright and gladsome land,
Adorned with every vernal flower,
Beyond the oppressor's daring hand,
Where War's dark tempests never lower.

The widow and the orphans tear
Dims not the eye, nor shall the hour
Arrive, when sorrow dark and drear
Shall like the angry tempests lower.

And O how bright the christian's joy
When freed from death's despotic power,
His spirit dwells without alloy,
When clouds and tempest never lower.

J. S. G.

THE FIRST SKATING-LESSON.

BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

It was the prettiest winter scene possible, in the soft, gray light of the late afternoon. The lake was one broad sweep of mirror-like ice; a faint pink glow tinged the snow-covered hills beyond, and clumps of hemlocks and pine trees stood up, dark and solemn, against the western sky.

Farther down the lake, hidden by a rocky point, a merry skating-party were enjoying each other's disasters, or indulging in private triumphs; and their voices swelled up pleasantly to the spot where Fred Bond stood supporting his companion, and trying to persuade her out of the fears which her first elevation on the bright steel-runners had naturally caused.

Amy Forsyth always looked pretty, but never prettier than she did standing there in her coquettish short dress, with its loosely-fitting velvet jacket, ermine-edged, a jaunty hat, with a floating feather, and her beautiful hair allowed to fall in loose, heavy waves about her shoulders. The rose-tints in her cheeks were deeper, and her eyes brighter than usual, from excitement and the fear which was not too strong to be pleasurable, enough to make her hold fast to Fred's two hands, so that he was inclined to think the nervousness was much nicer than any Amazonian display of courage and skill.

Fred, in his stunning winter array, made a very charming cavalier. He was only twenty-two, bright, witty, and highly cultivated—in every respect an agreeable companion.

There was a large party gathered at old Mr. Forsyth's country-house to pass the Christmas season. It was a convenient distance from town, and every day gentlemen came and went. It had proved a charming week, but to-morrow the party was to break up. To-day was the first time Amy had ventured on skates, and she had chosen Fred to teach her, which was no more than fair, as she had done nothing but torment him during all those pleasant days.

She was accustomed to success and admiration in everything she attempted; and feeling morally certain that she should fall, or be terribly awkward, she insisted upon Fred taking her away from the rest of the company while she made her first essay. The buckling the skates, and pre-saddling her to stand on her feet, had been a work of time, but very pleasant work. When Fred lifted her up, and she clung to him with the strength of desperation, he thought the little cry she gave, half fear, half laughter, the most delicious sound he had ever heard in his life.

"I know I shall break my neck," Amy said.

"You will do nothing of that sort," returned he.

"See if I don't! If it's only to teach you not to contradict me! Oh! oh! I was almost down!"

"Nothing of that sort," persisted Fred. "You are getting to stand as firm as—as a pyramid! Now try to go ahead—move your left foot forward."

"You talk like my old dancing master," laughed Amy. "I never can do it—never! What a little fool I am! I must learn to stand alone first! Dear me! What shall I do?"

She let Fred go and leaned one hand on his shoulder for support, tottering and shivering dolefully, but tolerably successful in her effort, notwithstanding. Fred uttered such ecstatic praise that she was stimulated to go a little farther. She took her hand from his shoulder and stood at least a second unsupported, then some involuntary movement of her body sent one foot out, and she grasped his arm as tightly as if he had been a plank, and she an unfortunate mariner suddenly pitched into mid-ocean.

More strangled shrieks, more laughter, more encouragement, she clinging fast to Fred, and Fred feeling the wintry scene turn into so delightful a paradise that he wished things might go on like this forever.

"How tired you must be getting of my silliness," said the artful little witch.

"Tired!" he ejaculated, with a gasp.—"It's the first time I've been happy in a week."

"Oh, dear!" quoth she, "I'm sorry you haven't enjoyed yourself! I hope the rest of my guests haven't found it so stupid."

"You've scarcely spoken a good-natured word to me. You've made me——"

"Oh! oh!" squeaked Amy, tottering again; but this time the tremor and fright were only a mean pretence to check the torrent of his complaints, for she felt that if he began to grow earnest in her present predicament, he would have her at a decided disadvantage. "I was very nearly down that time," she said.

"You can't fall," returned Fred, getting hold of both her hands; "you just make me believe you're frightened to stop my tongue."

"I think, Mr. Bond, you had better help me on shore! If you suppose I am such a miserable little wretch as that, you must want to be rid of me."

Amy looked so very stately, and spoke so snippingly, that he was humbled at once.

"You know I couldn't have a greater happiness," he said.

"I thought, perhaps, you would like to join Miss Gore," Amy answered, demurely, "she skates beautifully."

How Miss Gore was a red-haired old maid, to whom Amy had made him secretly for days past, and Fred felt that this taunt was more than mortal man could endure.

"I do think it is too bad?" he exclaimed, looking so handsome, with his injured expression, that Amy privately vowed she would hurt his feelings on every possible occasion. "After your scolding me into being attentive to her—"

"I only asked you—don't make me out a second Xantippe," she interrupted. "I beg your pardon, I'm sure—I'll never ask another favor of you as long as I live."

"There you go!" cried Fred in a high state of exasperation.

"So, I do," said she, and slid comfortably down on the ice, taking good care not to hurt herself, but frightened him dreadfully, all the same.

By the time she got on her feet again, she had startled Fred into a passing forgetfulness of his wrongs. To keep him from reverting to them, and bringing about a crisis, which had been imminent for a month past, she became wonderfully interested in the business on hand, and as eager to become a proficient in the skating art, without loss of time, as if she expected to gain a livelihood by it, and offer the red-haired girl, Miss Gore, long odds in a match.

Between her secret fears and the hard work she made of her efforts, in less than ten minutes she was so tired she had to stop and let Fred support her again; but she had actually made three steps alone—more in the air than on the ice—and Fred vowed that he never saw one learn so rapidly; and the best of it was, he was quite unconscious what a tremendous fib he was telling.

"Miss Gore says she had never had anybody to teach her——"

"I should think not," interrupted Fred. "No sane man would you know."

"And the first day she skated without trouble," Amy finished, on purpose to provoke him into further ill-natured remarks, at the expense of Miss Gore.

"She's an awful cheat," he pronounced; "she's always boasting about her exploits, or her money."

"She can shoot, too—she killed a mad cat."

"She ought to have been indicted for murder—killing one of her own relations."

"Now I thought you liked her," said Amy, meditatively, unable to resist the impulse of carrying the conversation back on dangerous ground.

"Like her!" shouted Fred.

"Why, you'll bring everybody here—they'll think we're drowning! I'm not old Mrs. Morris, that you need yell in my ear. I feel quite stunned," and Amy put one hand to her head in a beseeching way, that was pretty as it was deceitful.

"I hate her," said Fred, with still greater energy, though in a more carefully modulated voice. "The way you have made me dance attendance on her, this last week, would drive a saint mad."

"And you're no saint," returned Amy; "though I'm not sure but you're a little mad, you look so fierce."

"I've good reason," said Fred, looking more sulky than injured this time.

"You must be the best judge of that," observed Amy, coldly, yawning a little to express weariness. "I shall tell mamma how the visit has bored you—I'm sure she will be exceedingly mortified! I promise never to expose you to similar suffering again."

"You mean you'll not invite me to the house any more?" he asked full of wrath.

"I should only subject myself to the annoyance of a refusal. Of course, you would't come, after being so bored this last week."

"I believe there is nothing in the world you like so much as teasing me," cried Fred, driven to despair.

"Go on," said she; "I'm getting at your real opinion of me—it's not complimentary, but it's well to be truthful."

"How can you bear to torture me so?" he demanded.

"Bless me! You talk as if you was an old Spanish inquisitor in a skull-cap, sticking you full of pins and needles!"

"So you have been, all these days," he vowed.

"Well," said she, with beautiful innocence, "I have an old heart pin-cushion in my room, but I'd no idea it was yours—it's a dark, dirty, puffy old heart as ever I looked at. Upon my word, if I were you, I'd think twice before I claimed it."

"I wonder if you could be serious for a moment?" he asked, more fretfully than a hero in a novel would be guilty of doing.

"Serious? Here I am, expecting every minute to break my neck, and you ask me that! I never hope to get home alive; you must invent all sorts of nice last words for me! Tell mamma I'm sorry I called aunt Julia a cockatoo; and there's Harry Seabright, I promised him my photograph."

"You did?" cried Fred, and nearly let her fall, then had to apologize.

It was Harry Seabright with whom she had chosen to torment Fred for weeks past, pretending to flirt with him, and having him about like a tame dog. Indeed, many a time he had been near fulfilling the destiny of one by receiving a sound thrashing from Master Fred, when that sorely tried young gentleman had been forced, by the idol of his heart, to endure cold looks, while Harry was petted and received into high favor.

"I think I had better give up any further trial to-day," Amy said, with a good deal of dignity. "You seem determined to quarrel with me, and I hate quarrels."

"Goodness knows I do," groaned Fred, "but the idea of your saying that you had promised your photograph to that—"

"Friend of mine," interposed Amy.—"And yet I am really offended at your supposing I spoke in earnest! Am I likely to give any man my picture? Perhaps you mistake me for Miss Gore: she's in every male object's album from Maine to Georgia."

"I knew you couldn't mean it," Fred said, contritely.

"Then I wonder at your going into such a rage," she replied severely. "Away, nobody would have a right to interfere! You are an old friend, it is true, almost like a brother, but I wouldn't even let a brother dictate to me, I assure you."

"I had no thought of doing so," moaned Fred.

"Oh! you have done it a great deal, lately," she went on, merciless, of course, the moment she found that he was penitent. "You have done nothing this winter but find fault with me, and I don't like it! I may be a silly, wrong-headed little thing, I dare say I am, but I don't want my friends to show that they think it."

"You know well enough what I think."

"Yes, indeed, you are at no pains to hide it."

The little wretch turned her head away to hide the smile of triumph she could not keep back. She had been afraid that she had gone too far during the past week in her tormenting of him, and it was pleasant to find that he could not support his half angry airs when she made the least effort to subdue it.

"I hope I never shall drive anybody out of his senses," said she, primly; "I hope I have been too well brought up for that. I'm sure mamma would be shocked at the bare idea."

"If you would only be good to me," sighed Fred. "Now, see here—just promise—"

"There isn't time, and I should be sure to forget," Amy broke in. "Let's finish the skating-lesson first; I want to be able to boast as well as Miss Gore."

But Fred held her hands fast, and would not leave her move.

"Do listen to me!" he pleaded.

"Yes, which foot do I start on? I shall try the right! Now just let me go a little by myself. I never shall learn if I hang on you all the time."

"In a moment, Amy, just wait."

"You oughtn't to call me by my christian name," she said. "It did well enough when we were children; but it would sound so odd to people. I'm sure mamma wouldn't like it."

As Fred knew that "mamma" never dreamed or opposing or controlling the little witch, and was, besides, almost as fond of him as if he had been her own son, he was not to be taken in by so much shallow artifice.

"I'm sorry if I have offended you," he said gravely. "But do listen to me."

"How can I listen, when first one foot slides and then the other, and I'm expecting every second to fall on my nose and make it uglier than it is?"

"You can't fall—I'm holding you steady."

"That's just what I don't want. I came here to learn to skate. I can't do that if I'm held."

"You are quite right," said Fred, coolly, changing his entire tone. Business first always."

She stared at him, but he paid no attention.

"Now then," he said, "lean one arm on my shoulder and try to skate with me. Don't be afraid, I'll not let you fall."

She obeyed him in silence, so much wondering what he meant by this new and unheard-of demeanor, that she entirely forgot her fears, and succeeded very well in her first essay.

"You did that beautifully," said Fred, as he paused to give her a chance to rest. "I had no idea you would get on so well."

"Thank you. I suppose you thought I was too stupid to learn any thing."

"I don't believe I thought that; but at first you seemed to have so much diffidence even in standing."

"Why you said half an hour ago, you never saw anybody get on so fast."

"That was merely to encourage you."

"And you admit you were telling a fib?"

"Certainly, replied Fred, with the utmost coolness.

"Did one ever hear the like? Then I don't believe you now."

"One seldom is believed when one tells the truth," Fred answered sententiously.

"How disagreeable you are!" she exclaimed, feeling vexed at his composure and incomprehensible change of manner. "I wish I had asked Harry Seabright to teach me instead of you."

"For your own sake I wish you had. He's so abominably awkward you would have something to laugh at."

She took her hands off of his shoulder and tried a few steps by herself, succeeding very well; and Fred was beside her in time to prevent her making a sudden and unpleasant *retrouette*. She was so much delighted with her success that she grew good-natured again, and for a few moments they chattered in the most amicable manner. She was so gentle and lovable that Fred soon forgot his resolutions to be careless and composed, and rushed back to the impulse which had been in his mind for days—that of unburdening his heart the first opportunity which offered. He gave her no time to discover what he was at, but from discussing some trivial matter, he burst out suddenly.

"Why have you treated me so all this week? I never suffered such pain in my whole life! It was downright cruel, Amy, for you know how I love you; you know the future dosen't hold anything so dear as the hope of your affection."

It was very sweet to hear—she had known it all long before, she could not have helped knowing; but it was pleasant to have it put in word, and to see him look so handsome and agitated—it was so delightfully different from the stupid attempts Harry Seabright had been making in the tender line during the past days.

"Amy, do answer me—just one word! Say you do care for me. Give me a little happiness after all my worry and fear."

She wanted to do it—she did love him; but some demon of mischief prompted to tease him still. She always had teased everything and everybody that loved her, from her pet kitten upward, and she could not relinquish the pleasant habit now.

"I don't think you ought to talk to me in this way," she said, with a sad dignity, that would not have been misplaced in a woman of thirty; and, indeed, a veteran coquette could not have done it so well. "Please to stop, I don't want to hear any more."

He started at her in mingled wrath and pain.

"Do you mean that?" he asked, as hoarsely as though the wintry air had suddenly given him an attack of acute bronchitis. "Just answer me—do you mean it?"

He took it so horribly in earnest, and it was so much like a scene out of a novel, that she could not resist prolonging her misery, though, with the old inconsistency of a nature like hers, somehow his pain hurt her all the while.

"You know I mean it," she said. "I never was so much astonished in my life. I'm so sorry I came here to-day. I—I don't know what to answer—I'm frightened. Please don't say another word."

"It can't be very difficult to answer," returned he, hotly. "If I have been making a fool of myself, it is easy enough to say so."

"Oh, well! if you call caring about me making a fool of yourself, I'm sure I'd better say nothing," she said.

If Fred had been older and more experienced in the wiles of womankind, he would have taken fresh courage from the speech; but a very young man is usually a world behind a girl of the same age in wisdom, where such matters are concerned. "I supposed, after all, you m

The Star and Sentinel.

FRIDAY MORNING, Dec. 16, 1870.

D. A. BUEHLER, Editor and Business Agent.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

JANUARY, 1871.

SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

Persons indebted to this office for subscription, advertising and job work, will please bear in mind that the first of the year is our time for the general settlement of accounts. Mail subscribers to the STAR AND SENTINEL can easily learn their indebtedness by examining the printed addresses upon the margin of the paper, (as, for instance, "John Smith, 1jan70," shows that there would be a year due on the 1st of January, 1871,) and can remit by mail, sending money orders when convenient. Subscribers in town will please call at the office and settle their dues.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Although Congress will not get seriously to work until after the holidays, there is a manifest disposition on the part of members to press business. In the Senate, on Monday, Mr. Schurz submitted a resolution looking to the removal of all political disabilities imposed for participation in the Rebellion, which he gave notice he would move to consider on Thursday. Mr. McCreery offered a resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to ascertain all the facts regarding property formerly belonging to the late General Robert E. Lee, and now held by the Government, with a view of restoring it to his heirs, and announced that he would call it up at an early day.

In the House, Mr. Rainey, of South Carolina, was sworn in, being the first colored member admitted to the body. Mr. Butler introducing a bill to repeal the Tenure of Office acts, which was passed—yeas, 157, nays 25. Mr. Banks offered a resolution for the appointment of a commission of five persons to treat for the annexation of San Domingo. Mr. Cox moved, as a test question, to lay the resolution on the table, which was rejected by a majority of fifty. After considerable debate, it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. Mr. Logan called up his resolution to abolish the offices of Admiral and Vice Admiral of the Navy, on which a lengthy discussion ensued, during which Admiral Porter was sharply criticised. The debate terminated in the adoption of the resolution by a nearly unanimous vote. On motion of Mr. Kelley, a resolution was passed declaring that the true principles of revenue reform point to the abolition of the present Internal Revenue system, which was introduced as a war measure, and is continued at a cost of millions of dollars for an army of collectors, assessors and detectives, and an abandonment of taxation upon the large class of articles now taxed, but that distilled spirits, tobacco and malt liquors should, under proper regulations, be taxed so long as the exigencies of the Government require revenue to be collected from internal taxes.

The President, nominated Senator Drake, of Missouri, to be Chief Justice of the Court of Claims, the Senate promptly ratifying it.

On Tuesday Mr. McCreery renewed the effort to introduce his resolution looking to the restoration of Arlington and other property formerly owned by the late General Lee to Mrs. Lee. A lengthy debate followed, in which many Senators expressed their utter and entire opposition to such a proposal, and their judgment of General Lee in very severe terms. Mr. Edwards said the proposition to dig up the bones of our dead soldiers, in order that certain property might be given back to its Rebel owners, was, to his mind, perfectly monstrous, and to test the sense of the Senate he moved that the resolution be not received, which was carried with only four dissenting votes—McCreery, Hamilton, Vickes and Fowler. In the Senate, where the offering of resolutions is usually regarded a matter of right, this decisive vote is significant.

The House on Tuesday passed the bill to abolish the franking privilege, with an amendment allowing a free exchange between publishers and the free circulation of weekly newspapers in the county where published, as at present.

The President on Tuesday nominated Gen. Alfred Pleasanton, of New York, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue. He distinguished himself as a cavalry officer during the war, and is said to be well qualified for the position.

The caucus of the Republican members of Congress, on Tuesday night, the subject of general amnesty for political offenses was discussed and many diversified opinions advanced. No definite action was taken, but it is believed that there will be some exceptions of persons in any bill that may be adopted.

COM. D. R. PORTER having been named as the probable successor of Admiral Farragut, deceased, a private letter of the Commodore, written about the time of the capture of Fort Fisher and reflecting very severely on Gen. Grant, has been published. Its publication created a good deal of remark, and Gen. Grant is quoted as saying in regard to it, "that if Com. Porter really wrote the letter, he (Grant) would lose confidence in human nature." Porter at first denied its authenticity, but subsequently wrote to President Grant, denying all recollection of the letter, but admitting the possibility of his having written it under the excitement of the moment, and retracting fully and squarely all that it contained. It was supposed this development would be a bar to Com. Porter's promotion, but the President has nominated him to the Senate for the vacant Admiralship, and privately communicated to Senators his special desire that the nomination be confirmed—thus evincing rare magnanimity.

A WASHINGTON correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says that there is the highest authority for stating that the English mission was formally tendered to General Schenck, and that he has accepted it. The time of his departure for England has not yet been fixed, but it is believed he will sail within three weeks. His appointment will be officially promulgated in a short time, when his name will be sent to the Senate for confirmation. The President several weeks ago, during General Schenck's visit to Washington, asked him if he would accept the appointment, and it was only within a fortnight that he decided to accept, and he has so informed the President.

JOHN H. SURRATT, one of the conspirators charged with assassination of President Lincoln, and whose mother was hung by reason of complicity in the conspiracy, has written a lecture detailing his connection with the crime, which he delivered at Rockville, Md., and which is announced for Baltimore and other places. He admits that he was in the Rebel service as a spy, passing between Richmond and Washington, and was in the conspiracy to abduct the President, but denies all knowledge of the assassination. Throughout his lecture he glories over his connection with the Rebellion and soundly abuses leading Union men connected with the trial of his mother and the other conspirators. We are glad to notice that the Press with unusual unanimity, denounces in fitting terms the shamelessness of Surratt in exposing his villiany and re-opening the story of the tragedy which sent his mother to the gallows. Even the New York *World*—whose authority we do not often quote—calls him a "wretch," who cowardly skulked in Canada and sacrificed his mother's life, when, by his own showing, if he is to be believed, his testimony could have proven her innocence. Referring to Surratt's plea for this lecturing business—that he is poor, and wants to raise money—the *World* remarks:

> A convicted thief once put in to his judge a plea of the same sort as Surratt's. "Well, your Honor, I must live;" to whom the clear-headed jurist responded, "I see no necessity for that." It does not seem even to have occurred to Surratt that between dying and living by such means as he proposes to himself the former is clearly preferable. Of the two alternatives, let us commend suicide to him as being much more creditable to him and immeasurably more edifying to his fellow-citizens. Judas Iscariot had the grace to hang himself, even after he had got his money. We see no reason why Surratt, who has not got his money, which he has made himself an abomination for, should not emulate his example.

A REVISION of the census of Philadelphia, ordered by the Department, to test alledged errors in the previous enumeration, gives a total of 673,726, an increase of 16,567. This makes the total population of the State 3,511,543. The census in the three Middle States gives the following result:

	1870	1960	GAIN.
New York	4,370,846	3,880,727	490,119
Pennsylvania	3,511,543	2,906,215	605,328
New Jersey	940,000	672,035	267,965
	8,822 389	7,458,977	1,363,412

Pennsylvania gains in population more heavily than any State except Illinois, which has an increase of 609,265 since 1860. Pennsylvania comes next, 605,328, followed by Missouri 521,000, Iowa 502,802, and New York 490,119.

IN the first Philadelphia Senatorial district, the Republicans have made an excellent nomination, Hon. Joseph R. Tyndall—a gentleman of high character, who has heretofore occupied responsible official positions, and enjoys public confidence in a rare degree. We take it for granted that he will be elected, as the Republicans of the first district, with so unexceptionable a candidate and a clear Republican majority, should see to it that the Republican ascendancy in the State Senate is maintained by Mr. Tyndall's election. Mr. Dechert, the Democratic nominee, is also a gentleman of fair reputation, being a prominent member of the Philadelphia Bar.

GEORGIA is the only remaining unreconstructed State, being yet in a quasi-territorial condition, and unrepresented in the National councils. On the 20th, 21st and 22d inst., an election will be held for Representatives to both the 41st and 42d Congresses, and for members of the State Legislature, which will be charged with the election of two U. S. Senators. With the admission of these Representatives the work of Re-construction will be complete so far as Congressional action is concerned. Both parties expect to carry the State, but the chances are in favor of the Democracy.

REPUBLICAN prudence and economy in our State administration are accomplishing for Pennsylvania the same beneficent results which Gen. Grant is working out for the Union—a sure and steady reduction of Debt. Gov. Geary, under date of Dec. 10, issues a Proclamation announcing a further reduction in the State Debt of more than a million and a half dollars during the past year, viz:

Five per cent. loan redeemed	$1,858,906 31
Six per cent. loan redeemed	246,400 00
Relief notes cancelled	15 00
	$1,603,321 31

This exhibition of the good management and faithful application of the finances of the State is highly creditable to the administration and to the party it represents.

IN olden times the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company was regarded a mammoth corporation, which for years controlled the legislation and politics of New Jersey. Since the formidable combinations inaugurated in late years by the New York and Erie, the Baltimore and Ohio, and the Pennsylvania Central, in their competition for through lines from the Atlantic to the Pacific, Camden and Amboy has dwindled into a comparatively small affair; and now it is gobbled up by the Pennsylvania Central. The latter Company agree to pay Camden and Amboy 10 per cent annually on a capital of $40,000,000.

RESOLUTIONS have been introduced into the House of Representatives of North Carolina, having for their object the impeachment of the Governor of that State.

JAMES SNOW, residing at Cottage Hill Station, fifteen miles from Chicago, was murdered on Wednesday night by his wife, who was recently released from an insane asylum.

THE publishers of the "STATE JOURNAL," the new daily issued at Harrisburg, are evincing a good deal of enterprize. It is delivered daily in Gettysburg, on the arrival of the 10.30 A. M. train, several hours in advance of all other dailies. Mr. E. H. Minnigh is the agent for this place.

THE appointment of Senator Drake to the Chief Justiceship of the Court of Claims makes a vacancy in the Senate from Missouri, which the Legislature will fill by election. Frank Blair is the leading Democratic candidate for the seat, but the Republicans can elect any one on whom the Brown and McClurg men will unite. The Democrats, it is said, hope to secure enough votes from the Brown party to elect their candidates as a return for their support of Brown in the recent State election.

ANOTHER WATER STREET EXCITEMENT IN NEW YORK.—Recently daily prayer meetings have been held in Water street, New York, among the dance houses and brothels of the vicinity. Annie Russel, one of the worst women on the street, has reformed, and on Sunday she furniture and liquors were destroyed by her, and religious service afterwards held in the house. She announces that hereafter she will devote herself to missionary work among her former companions.

GENERAL NEWS.

A WEST Chester man has lately lost $750 worth of poultry by the chicken cholera.

THE First National Gold Note bank, of San Francisco, will commence business on January 2.

"STRAWBERRIES and flowers are abundant here," says a San Francisco *Despatch* of yesterday.

IT is stated that A. Pardee, Esq., will soon denote another sum of $100,000 to Lafayette College at Easton.

JAMES B. Irvin was picked up in the street at Harrisburg Saturday night drunk, and was found dead in his cell in the lock-up next morning.

THE Latter Day Saints have a church at Kensington, Philadelphia, where the Mormon gospel is dispensed every Friday evening.

A PETIT jury at Rawlins, Wyoming, has been discharged and fined for playing a game of cards while deliberating upon a case.

THE contest for the Governorship of Alabama came to a close, by the withdrawal of Smith in favor of Lindsey, on Monday.

THE Legislature of Alabama has elected Goldthwaite, Democrat, United States Senator, by a majority of one over all the votes cast.

MINISTER Washburne writes from Paris that, according to his information, the French have been beaten at all points and the end is apparently near at hand.

ALEX. W. CRAWFORD, a Philadelphia Return Judge, charged with killing the noted Democratic rowdy, Shay Nolen, has been discharged by Judge Pierce, the shooting having occured in self defence.

ON Friday five hundred French Canadians passed through Harrisburg for France, *via* New York. They came from the Red River country, in the Northwest, and go to join the French army.

WHEAT accumulates on the line of the Southern Minnesota railroad much faster than it can be transported. It is estimated that there are 1,500,000 bushels awaiting shipment in the different towns along the line.

CHIEF Justice Chase writes to Washington that he has no intention of returning to the supreme bench during the present session of the court, but will remain at Narragansett until his health is fully restored.

JOHN HANLON, convicted of the murder of Mary Mohrman, in Philadelphia, has been refused a new trial and sentenced to be hung. The victim was a little girl about six years of age, the murder, being committed in the act of rape.

A CHAMPION CORN HUSKER.—A son of Mr. John young, of Holmes county, Ohio, performed the extraordinary feat of husking one hundred and fifteen bushels of corn, in twelve hours. He is but thirteen years of age. If any one can surpass this astonishing achievement, we would like to hear from him.

PARTIES.—"Neck-tie parties" have dawned in the rural districts. A neck-tie party is one where each lady attending the party makes a neck-tie of the same material as the dress she wears. These are taken to where the party is to be held and placed in a bag. When the gentlemen arrive each one must go to the bag and take out a neck-tie, and it is his duty to wait upon the lady during the evening who wears the dress corresponding in material with the neck-tie.

FRIGHTFUL OCCURRENCE IN PERRY COUNTY.—About three o'clock on Saturday morning last a fire occurred near Markleville, Perry county, eight miles northwest of Newport, totally destroying the dwelling of Mr. John P. Boyer with all the contents, together with Mr. Boyer, his wife, and two children (a boy and girl,) aged respectively 12 and 14. The only one saved was Mr. Boyer's son Thomas, who escaped from the devouring element by jumping out of a window in his night clothes. The fire is supposed to have originated from the explosion of a coal oil lamp, the flame of which had been turned low and left burning. The whole community is in mourning over the heart-rending calamity.

THE ATLANTIC CABLES.—It appears now that we may have to be content for some time to come with the limited and imperfect telegraphic communication with Europe afforded by the French cable, which has been the only one working for nearly two weeks past. The injury to the English cables, laid from Heart's Content, Newfounded, to Valentia Bay, Ireland, is serious, and the repairs will be difficult. They traverse what is called the submarine plateau, a comparatively level ridge from 1,890 to 2,500 feet below the surface of the Atlantic, extending northeast and southwest. It is conjectured that the cables have been broken by abrasion on the rocks, and the only means of remitting them is by separately grappling for each end and buoying them on the surface of the water while they can be spliced. To do this requires smooth water, such as is rare at this season of the year.

The French cable extends from Brest to St. Pierre, a small island south of Newfoundland, forming, with the adjacent Miquelon group, a colony of France. This line has never worked so well as the English cables, and at present there is a serious defect of insulation somewhere nearer the European than the American shore. It was originally constructed by an independent company, but was recently purchased by the corporation owning the English lines. The cost of the three cables has been about $19,000,000.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CUMBERLAND.—The large frame stable attached to the Cumberland Valley Hotel, in Carlisle, owned by Mr. Garver was burnt on the night of the 6th inst., loss from $1,000 to $1,500, with an insurance of $500. The tenant, Mr. Faber, lost about $200 in grain.—Samuel Stanton, a negro, living in, Newville made two attempts to murder his wife on Monday; cause jealousy.—The residence of David Hays, near Shippensburg, was entered by burglars on Thursday night and $160, besides clothing, stolen.

FRANKLIN.—On Sunday last, Mrs. Yont, Letterkenny township, committed suicide by taking arsenic. She is the daughter of a Mr. Shuman who a few months ago committed suicide by hanging himself.—While Samuel Martin, near Greencastle, was working at his father's threshing machine on the 30th ult., his clothes were caught in the machine and he was wired around five or six times before the machine could be stopped, when it was found that his left arm, from the shoulder to the hand, had been badly lacerated.

YORK.—York county seems to be infested with strolling vagrants, who make it a business to steal. The papers record numerous burglaries in the rural districts. —Adam Heindle was killed last week at an ore bank in Carrol township, by the bank caving in on him and fracturing his skull.—Henry Stair, of York, died on from hemorrhage of the lungs, brought on by over-exertion at the recent burning of the Poor-house barn.—Jacob Gotwalt, carpenter, of York, died on Wednesday of last week, from injuries sustained by a fall from a scaffold some time since.

Summary of War News

CONTINUED GERMAN VICTORIES

REMOVAL OF CHANGES

GREAT ARMIES NEARING

THE PRUSSIANS AT HAVRE

MONDAY, DEC. 12.—There has been more severe fighting in the valley of the Loire. After its defeat near Orleans, the French army made haste to escape from its perilous position without further damage, but has been unsuccessful. Its line of retreat has been harrassed, attacked, and again the Duke of Mecklenburg reports his columns victorious. Engagements occurred on Wednesday and Thursday at Meung, eleven miles southwest of Orleans, and near Gien, in which the right and left wings of the French army were defeated.

Great alarm was felt at Tours on account of the rapid approach of the Germans, and the Provisional Government had removed to Bordeaux, fearing an attack on Tours.

Gen. Palladines has been removed from the command of the army of the Loire, which has been divided into two commands, the first of which is under General Bourbaki and the second under General Chauzy.

It was rumored in London that Gambetta, regarding the military situation as hopeless, has asked for an armistice, so that the elections may be held, and that the Assembly may decide on the future relations between France and the invader.

A Berlin special reports there are great public rejoicings everywhere throughout Germany, over the recent victories. It is believed the war is near its end. An address is proposed to the King from the inhabitants, to be presented at Versailles, asking for the immediate bombardment of Paris.

While the defeat of Palladines has dissipated all hope of raising the seize of Paris by the army of the Loire, the German army in the north of France, under command of General Manteuffel, which, after capturing Amiens, marched to Rouen and occupied that city in the early part of last week, continued onward toward Havre, and on Thursday were threatening that important seaport. A battle had been fought a few miles distant, but had not delayed the German advance. An attack on the city was expected.

Iron-clads have been ordered by the French Government to repair immediately to Havre to assist in the defence of the city.

It has been announced in the North German Parliament that King William accepts the title of "Emperor of Germany."

The French military officers, now prisoners of war in Germany, protest against the restoration of the Emperor Bonaparte.

The health of the ex-Emperor Napoleon, is said to have greatly improved.

A despatch from Florence says the 23d of December is now fixed as the time for the Duke of Aosta's departure from Italy from Spain.

Invitations have been issued for a London conference on the Eastern question.

Lieutenant General Sheridan is in Athens, and has recently been presented to the King of Greece.

TUESDAY, DEC. 13.—The Duke of Mecklenburg telegraphs that another battle was fought on Friday south of Orleans, the French army making the attack in superior force, and being defeated by two divisions of the German army. Beaugency, a station on the Orleans and Tours Railway, twelve miles south of Orleans, was occupied by the Germans on Thursday after the battle in that vicinity. The town of Vierzon, forty miles south of Orleans and fifty miles from Tours, is also in possession of the Germans, who are apparently flanking Tours and marching along the railroads which connect Vierzon with Bourges, Lyons and Toulouse.

A London despatch of Saturday says that it is now considered impossible for Paris to receive assistance. With the defeat of the Army of the Loire all hopes in that direction are ended; the Germans look upon the surrender of Paris as but a question of time, and King William only awaits that event before returning to Berlin.

The advance on Havre has turned aside to Dieppe, which was probably occupied on Saturday. Gambetta, in a proclamation from Bordeaux, says that the Army of the Loire has not been crushed.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 14.—The Atlantic Cable continues to work defectively, and hence the war news comes slowly. London despatches of Sunday give further particulars of the battles south of Orleans on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday last, which show that the Army of the Loire made a desperate attempt to dispute the advance of the Germans in the direction of Tours, but was unsuccessful. After the conclusion of the conflict on Friday the army of the Duke of Mecklenburg occupied Beaugency and a number of small towns from ten to fifteen miles south of Orleans, while the greater portion of the French army was retreating south-eastwardly in the direction of Bourges, nearly fifty miles distant from the battle-fields. One division still remained north of the Loire, and was moving down the river Gien, thirty miles away. The army was thus separated, and the Germans were actively pursuing each fragment, one of their cavalry divisions having reached Vierzon, forty miles south of Orleans.

A despatch of Saturday's date from Versailles says that the French have made another attack from Paris on the besieging forces, but were again repulsed after a day's fighting. A demand for the surrender of the city has been made and refused, and a despatch from Berlin intimates that it will be bombarded.

General Manteuffel's operations in the north have been diverted from a direct movement on Havre, and on Sunday occupied the seaport town of Dieppe on the English Channel, fifty miles northeast of Havre.

The Provisional Government is installed at Bordeaux, and does not propose to give up the war, but issues daily bulletins full of gasconade.

From London we have what purports to be the truth about the recently-proposed armistice. It appears that Gambetta, with a view to the prompt organization and efficiency of the congress on the Eastern question, suggested that the Great Powers demand an armistice in order to allow France, through the election of a Constituent Assembly, to be properly represented therein. Like a great many of Gambetta's plans, however, it failed.

THURSDAY, Dec. 15.—The French army of the Loire continues to fall back before the victorious Germans. The fortress of Pialsbourg, after a protracted siege, has surrendered unconditionally to the Germans.

Prussia is preparing to take possession of Luxembourg, for alledged violation of neutrality.

THE blind staggers is making sad havoc among the horses in Talbot county, Md., many of the farmers having lost valuable animals by this disease.

REMEMBER Zinn & Co. keep nothing but the best of Groceries. 2t

GETTYSBURG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

(See Advertisements.)

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

R. G. McCreary, York street, in residence.
D. McConaughy, Chambersburg st., in residence.
J. M. Kurtz, Baltimore st., second square.
D. Wills, Public Square, in residence.
A. G. Miller, Balt. st., next Bushman's store.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence.
McClean & Woods, Baltimore st., near diamond.

BAKERY.

Baltzell Newport, cor. Washington and Middle sts.

BOOTS AND SHOEMAKERS.

D. H. Klingel, Baltimore street, second square.

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. Hollebaugh, Washington street.

BUTCHERING.

Stover & Wible, Chambersburg street.

CONFECTIONS, TOYS, &C.

John Gruel, Chambersburg st., near Eagle Hotel.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son, York st., first square.
Geo. C. Cashman, Stratton street, near Railroad.

CARRIAGES, &C.

Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
W. K. Gallagher, East Middle st., second square.
Weaver & Co., Washington st.

CLOTHING.

R. C. Cobean & Cuthingham, Baltimore street.
F. Cunningham, Chambersburg st., first square.
T. C. Norris, South west corner of Diamond.
Samuel Wolf, corner of York and Public Square.
Picking & Co., Chambersburg street, first square.

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Cashman and Railroad sts.
Cashman & Overdeer, cor. Stratton and R. R. sts.

COOPERS.

Peter Culp, Union street, in residence.

DENTISTS.

J. K. Berkstresser, S. E. cor. Centre Square.
J. L. Hill, Chambersb'g st., opposite Eagle Hotel.

DRUGGISTS.

A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg street, first square.
Hubers, Baltimore street, first square.
R. Horner, Chambersburg street, first square.

DRY GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Balt. & Middle sts.
J. L. Schick, cor. of Baltimore & Public Square.
Behler & Elliott, Balt. st., opposite Courthouse.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.

Bigham & Co., cor. of Washington and Railroad.
John Cress, corner Stratton and Railroad.
Jas. Wible & Son, cor. Washington and Railroad.
Robert McCurdy, Carlisle Street.

GRANITE YARD.

Peter Befiler, Railroad, East of Stratton street.

GAS FITTER.

R. D. Armor, East Middle street.

GROCERIES.

Wm. Boyer & Son, York st., opposite Nat. Bank.
Wm. J. Martin, cor. of Baltimore and High sts.
J. M. Walter, York street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Balt. and Middle sts.
Bigham & Co., cor. Washington & Railroad sts.
H. H. Bramer, cor. diamond and Carlisle street.
Sweitzer & Bro., Carlisle street, second square.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, Baltimore & Middle sts.
Sweitzer & Bro., Carlisle street, second square.

HARNESS, &C.

D. McCreary & Son, Baltimore street.
John Culp, Carlisle Street, near passenger depot.

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, &C.,

Samuel Wolf, cor. York st., and Public Square.
T. C. Norris, South West corner of Diamond.
R. C. Cobean & Cunningham, Baltimore street.
Picking & Co., Chambersburg street, first square.

HOTELS.

Eagle Hotel, J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington.
Keystone House, Wm. F. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Christ's Church.
Harris House, Wm. P. Harris, Baltimore street, second square.

LIVERY STABLES.

Weaver & Co., Washington street, north o Chambersburg.

MARBLE YARDS.

Wm. N. Miller, cor. Baltimore and Middle sts.
Meals & Brother, York street, east of Stratton.

PHYSICIANS.

Tipton & Myers, York st., opposite Nat. Bank.

PHYSICIANS.

J. W. C. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High.
H. S. Huber, cor. Chambersburg and Wash. sts.
Robert Horner, Chambersburg street, first square.

PRINTING OFFICE.

Star & Sentinel, Baltimore street, midway between the Court House and Public Square, west side.

STOVES, TIN-WARE, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.

TAILOR.

J. Jacobs, Chambersburg street, first square.

UNDERTAKER & PAPER HANGER.

Jeremiah Culp, York street, second square.

WAGONS, &C.

Wm. E. Culp, Washington st., near Eagle Hotel.

WATCHMAKER.

Wm. F. McCarthey, Baltimore street, first square
A. R. Felsile, York street, first square.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—The Executive Committee of the Evangelical Alliance of the United States have caused to be prepared and issued the following programme for the annual Week of Prayer, begining with Sunday, New Year's Day, January, 1871.:

Sunday, Jan. 1.—Sermons—Subject: Inspiration of the Holy scriptures; their sufficency and sole authority for religious faith and practice.

Monday, Jan 2.—Prayer: Grateful review of the past; calling for renewed confidence and increased devotedness; humiliation of the worldliness of the church, and for national sins provoking Divine judgements.

Tuesday, Jan 3.—Prayer: For nations, for kings and all others in authority; for soldiers and sailors; for all who have suffered in recent wars; for the blessings of peace; and that God would graciously bring good out of the recent calamities.

Wednesday, Jan. 4.—Prayer: For the children of Christian parents; for a blessing on home influence and on all teachers; for early dedication to God; and for more labor in Christ's service.

Thursday, Jan. 5.—Prayer: For the baptism of the Holy Spirit on all who profess and call themselves Christians; for the increase of charity and of affectionate communion and co-operation among all in every land who love the Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity.

Friday, Jan. 6.—Prayer: For the circulation of the word of God; for the increase of faithful embassadors for Christ: for an end of religious persecution; and for the removal of all hinderances to spread of the gospel.

Saturday, Jan 7.—Prayer: For Christian missions for the conversation of the Jews; for the better observance of the Lord's day; for a blessing on Christian Literature; and for the glorious appearance of our Lord Jesus Christ,

Sunday, Jan. 8—Sermons—Subject: Faith Hope and Love—essential witnesses for the truth.

CORNS!—Who has not suffered from Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Chilblains, Tender Feet, &c., &c.? Briggs' Alleviator and Curative is a certain remedy. Sold by Druggists. Sent by mail 60 cts. DR. J. BRIGGS & CO. Newark, N. J.

CATARRH!—What disease can be more disagreeable or disgusting than Catarrh? Briggs' Allevantor is a pleasant, cheap and positive remedy. Sold by druggists.

PILES!—Suffer not with Internal Bleeding or Itching Piles. A cure has been discovered! Briggs' Pile Remedies are safe and sure. Sold by druggists

CONSUMPTION!—With the hollow, sounding cough, weakened lungs, profuse expectoration, the debilitating nightsweats, and all other symptoms of this fatal malady, are subdued by the use of Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer, the most appropriately named remedy yet discovered for Throat and Lung Diseases. Sold by A. D. Buehler, J. M. Huber and Druggists generally. tf

LOOK HERE.—E. Woodward has commenced, in connection with his Gunsmithing, the repairing of Umbrellas, Parasols, &c., which he will warrant to be better fixed than is done by the majority of Umbrella-menders. Any person wishing work done in this line can leave word at his shop on Carlisle Street, and it will be sent for and returned. Charges moderate. He also has still on hand a variety of Battle-field Relics, of any kind and style, a large assortment of Canes, &c,. Call and see him. tf

PRIME OYSTERS.—E. H. Minnigh makes it a point to serve up the VERY BEST Oysters that can be secured in the Baltimore market. He has special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, who will find every thing in prime order. Oysters served up in every style, to suit the most astidious. Call and see for yourselves.

CAPT. NORRIS—Has the largest and best stock of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes and Furnishing Goods in town, and is selling them very cheap. Give him a call. dec.2-tf

☞ We direct attention to the sale of Jacob C. Herbst, valuable Personality and a Farm of 70 Acres, in Cumberland township, to take place Monday Dec. 26. tf

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES,

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa. where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. All orders solicited. Confident that my prices please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.

W. K. GALLAGHER.

July 1, 1868—1y

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

PATENT ELASTIC CORK

HORSE COLLARS.

THE undersigned has for sale these CELEBRATED COLLARS, manufactured by Haner & Berry, Philadelphia, which are now used by all the City Passenger Railroad Companies for the protection of their stock. They are lighter in weight, absorb no moisture, and do not heat. The Cork with which they are stuffed being very elastic, the Collar adjusts to the shape of the animal, and consequently does not chafe. Farmers, try them. Also,

HARNESS

of all kinds for sale and made to order. Call at my establishment on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa., adjoining Passenger Depot.

May 20, 1870.—tf JOHN CULP.

CARRIAGE-MAKING.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

Carriage-Making Business,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ REPAIRING ☜

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share the future.

May 22, 1867—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

WEDDING CARDS, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Tickets, Tags, &c., &c., printed with neatness, cheapness and dispatch.

Special Notices.

WM. BLAIR & SON

acknowledge their indebtedness to a generous public for their patronage. Their large and constantly increasing business enables them to offer Fresh Goods at all times.

We are adding to our very large stock, from time to time, everything that particular living families require. We have something cheap and good for all. The whole line of our goods is down in price. Try our best Browned Coffee. Try our Japan Tea. Try our Buckwheat Flour. Try everything in our line that you may wish, and you will be pleased.

WILLIAM BLAIR & SON,
"South End," Carlisle, Pa.

Dec. 16, 1870.

THE BREVITY OF LIFE.

"'Tis not for man to trifle, life is brief,
Our age is but the falling of a leaf.
We have no time to sport away the hours,
All must be earnest in a world like ours.
Not many lives, but one have we,
How sacred should that one be."

And still how many frifter away their lives, unable to fill any useful purpose, because some lingering disease unfits them for it, and they neglect or refuse to use the remedies within their reach. God in his wonderful arrangement of nature has provided an antidote for all the ills that human flesh is heir to, and by the aid of science the medicinal virtues of certain herbs, roots and barks have been combined and the result is known all over the civilized world as MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS. It thoroughly purifies the blood, invigorates the nervous fibres, elevates the standard of all the vital forces, and sustains a most healthful tone of the entire human organization. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co. Proprietors, Lancaster, Pa.

Dec. 2-4m

☞ DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear. (his specialty)* in the *Medical College of Pennsylvania*, 12 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [March 18, 1870.—1y

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS.

For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Screen Purposes; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Paper makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS. No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia.

Feb. 11, 1870.—1y

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of SARAH M. HAGERMAN, deceased, late of Straban township, Adams county, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SOLOMON HOUTZAHN, Adm'r.

Dec. 9, 1870.—6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration with the will annexed, on the Estate of JACOB HOSSER, deceased, late of Franklin township, having been granted to the undersigned residing in same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and make immediate settlement, and those having claims against the same will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

J. M. MICKLEY, *Adm'r.*

Nov. 25—6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of JOHN BUSHMAN, late of Reading township, Adams county, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ABSALOM ALBERT,
Administrator.

Nov. 18, 1870.—6t

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of A. M. LINE, late of Latimore township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Dickinson township, Cumberland county, Pa., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Nov. 14.—6t* THOMAS LEE, Ex'r.

Notice.

GEO. SWOPE, et al.
vs.
The Gettysburg Railroad Co. } S. C.
et al. } Jan. Term, 1870.
No. 25.

THE Master appointed to make and report distribution of the fund in court arising from the sale of the Gettysburg Rail Road, etc., will meet the parties at his office, No. 241, South 3rd St., Philadelphia, on *Wednesday, Dec. 28th, 1870, at 1 P. M.*

SAMUEL G. THOMPSON.
Dec. 5-4t Master.

Carriages, Harness, &c.

D. MCCREARY. J. P. MCCREARY

"BEST ALWAYS CHEA SET."

The Best and Cheapest

Saddles, Bridles, Collars

and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(MCCREARY'S.)

OUR RIDING and WAGON SADDLES, are the most substantially built and neatest.

OUR HARNESS, (plain and silver mounted,) are complete in every respect and warranted of the very best material and workmanship.

OUR UPPER LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS, can not heat. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

RIDING SADDLES, WHIPS, LASHES, DRAFT Hames, Fly-nets and everything. *None better or cheaper.*

OUR PRICES

have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard. A liberal discount for cash, or all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞ Give us a call and examine *prices and quality.*

D. MCCREARY & SON.

Jan. 29, 1868—tf

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa. where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. All orders solicited. Confident that my prices please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.

W. K. GALLAGHER.

July 1, 1868—1y

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

PATENT ELASTIC CORK

HORSE COLLARS.

THE undersigned has for sale these CELEBRATED COLLARS,

The Star and Sentinel.

Friday Morning, Dec. 16, 1870.

LOCAL ITEMS.

THANKS.—Within the last two weeks quite a number of subscribers have settled their accounts, all of whom will accept our thanks. "Duns," are at all times unpleasant, but a few dollars withheld from each of our two thousand subscribers make a large aggregate deficiency, which seriously incommodes us in meeting our weekly expenses. Every intelligent subscriber will understand this, and every thoughtful subscriber will act accordingly by promptly liquidating the amount due us. A small matter to each subscriber, it becomes a serious one to us when multiplied by 2,000. Will those who have thus far overlooked our call for settlement, please think of this. The approaching holidays will be a good time to make the Printer's heart glad, by squaring up all arrearages.

NEW HYMN BOOK.—The new "Book of Worship," prepared by the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, has made its appearance, and can now be had at A. D. BUEHLER's Book Store. Besides revised Hymns, it contains an Order of Worship, the Formula of Church Government, Luther's Smaller Catechism, the Augsburg Confession, and Prayers for family use. tf

IMPROVEMENT.—Miss Harriet McCreary intends to put up a two story brick front dwelling on the property recently purchased by her from Mr. John Culp, on Baltimore street.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Hilton, lately Superintendent of the Soldiers Orphan's Homestead, is now principal of the Public Schools held in the Wallack's School building, Washington, D. C. His wife assists him.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Henry Getts, (miller) employed by Mr. Shutt, in Mr. Gitt's mill, near New Oxford, was caught in the gearing of the mill one day last week, and considerably, though not seriously, injured. *Citizen.*

COW KILLED.—On Saturday morning last the 10.30 A.M., freight train on the Gettysburg Railroad ran over a valuable Cow owned by Mr. Jacob F. Thomas, near the freight depot in this place, breaking a front and a hind leg, rendering it necessary to kill the cow.

SALES.—The Gettysburg Building Association sold the property lately owned by Geo. E. Kitzmiller to Louis Strouse for $700 cash.

Jacob Low has sold his property in Oxford township to George Emlet, for $1,700.

IMPORTANT TO BONDHOLDERS.—Holders of Bonds of the Gettysburg Railroad, in order to obtain a *pro rata* distribution of the proceeds of sale of the road, will have to present their Bonds to the Master appointed to make distribution, either in person or by authorized agent or attorney. The Master will sit in Philadelphia on the 28th inst.

☞The only civil cause tried last week in Common Pleas, was that of Mary M. Scott and Mary McAllister vs. Abraham H. Minnigh, being an action in Trespass, involving a dispute as to the boundary of adjoining lots owned by Plaintiffs and Defendants on Chambersburg street. The jury rendered a verdict of $75 for Plaintiffs. Defendant's counsel filed a motion for a new trial.

NEW BLANKS.—We have now on hand a full assortment of newly printed Blanks for Justices of the Peace, including Informations, Warrants, Commitments, Summonses, Subpœnas, Executions, &c. Also Sale Notes, Negotiable Notes, Judgment Notes, &c., with and without waver clauses, School Warrants, School Statements, Contracts with Teachers, &c. Orders promptly filled.

PRESENTS of all kinds for sale at Zinn & Co's. 2t

RUNAWAY.—On the 3rd inst., as a gentleman named Reed, residing near the chapel, in Oxford township, Adams county, was driving a spirited horse along the McSherrystown road, near this place, the 2.30 o'clock down passenger train on the Gettysburg railroad came thundering along, and the animal becoming frightened at the locomotive, dashed off at a terrific rate of speed, badly wrecking the rockaway to which he was attached and throwing Mr. Reed out, who fortunately escaped with but slight injury.—*Hanover Spectator.*

THE LITTLESTOWN SHOOTING DIFFICULTY.—We understand that young Weikert, whose shooting by Mr. Samuel P. Young, while on a serenading expedition, we noticed last week, is rapidly recovering. The difficulty is much regretted by by all parties, the most friendly relations existing between the families. Mr. Young, who is one of the most respected citizens of that neighborhood, explains that his purpose way to frighten the boys away by firing blank cartridges, and that the firing of the barrel loaded with shot was unintentional.

☞GO TO ZINN & CO., for your Christmas presents. 2t

CHANGED HANDS.—On Tuesday last, Mr. Townsend, the purchaser of the Gettysburg Railroad, lifted the deed from M. Swope, the Trustee, and took charge of the road. We understand that for the present there will be no change in the working arrangements. Mr. H. D. Scott, the present efficient and accomodating Ticket and Freight Agent, will continue to occupy that position, and Mr. Wm. Shull Conductor, the Hanover Company supplying the cars and motive power.—Mr. Geo. W. McClellan will act as Treasurer until the new Company formally organizes.

SCARLET FEVER.—This scourge of children and dread of parents yearly carries off large numbers of children. We notice in our exchanges what seems to be a judicious treatment in the earlier stages of the disease, which usually begins with langnor, loss of appetite, followed by fever and sore throat, and then "red patches" on the cheeks appear. When the symptoms are first observed place the child in a bed in a room which is warm, but well ventilated. Administer warm, weak lemonade, with a little gum arabic disolved in it. Cover the stomach with dry flannel, then take a neatly folded bed sheet and place it in boiling hot water, wring it out by means of dry towels, and place it over the flannel on the child's abdomen. This must be repeated until perspiration is observed, which will not result for some minutes, when the patient will drop into a quiet slumber, and with careful nursing is saved. All this may be done before a physician be summoned and will prove a great auxiliary to his course of treatment —in many cases it will enable him to save the life of a dear child and prevent the disorders which almost follow this dreadful complaint when it is not promptly assailed by this preliminary home treatment.

☞Mr. Samuel Herbst offers at Private Sale his House and Lot, on York street, also a Pasture lot on West Middle street.

KNAVES AND DUPES.—We have repeatedly called the attention of our readers to the operations of scoundrels in New York City, who have for some years past speculated upon the greed and unscrupulousness of ignorant men, by offering in circulars to sell counterfeit money. Within the last few weeks copies of these specionsly worded circulars have been forwarded to us by respectable gentlemen who received them by mail. Notwithstanding that the swindle has been repeatedly exposed, dishonest dupes every day fall into the traps, sending on money and securing by express carefully sealed packages of miniature photographs of greenbacks, old newspapers, sawdust, &c. The police of New York have recently been overhauling some of these swindlers, with some rich developments. One of these, whose circulars purport to hail from "Logan & Co.," for "William Howard" or "William H. Jackson," of 58 John street, had been doing a thriving business, receiving in forty-seven days thirty thousand dollars in money from their dupes—persons no less criminal in intention than themselves. Such a revelation gives one a melancholy idea of the morality of the country, and seems to show that if the census could give us the number of persons who are both rogues and fools, wicked enough to cheat their neighbors and silly enough to be themselves cheated by a very transparent swindle, the list would include a lamentably large percentage of our population.

The New York *Sun* publishes in full a number of letters found in these swindling concerns, from parties who had invested variously, from $5 to $100 in sawdust, &c., and wrote complaining of the fraud and threatening exposure unless the parties did the fair thing. One of the letters published is from a gentleman in Middleburg, Carroll county, Maryland, whose name we withhold; also one from New Windsor, Md.

So frequently have these swindles been exposed that we have little sympathy for parties who notwithstanding consent to become the dupes of these New York Knaves. They deserve to lose their money, and be exposed by the publication of their correspondence. Few of our readers, however, have any conception of the extent and boldness with which the system is carried on. The success of one villain causes others to start the business, until the number of operators has become very large. The circulars they send out are, for most part, lithographed letters; they promise "the best counterfeit money ever produced," and they all warn their dupes not to send money by mail, but by express. From the "Banking House of Williams & Co., 196 Broadway," issues a circular directed to an "Esteemed Friend," who is offered $2,500 for $25. "Robert H. Holland, No. 145 Fulton street, N. Y.," addresses a "Dear Friend," whose name has been mentioned to him in confidence. Curiously enough, he will receive calls only at "33 John street, No. 5, up stairs," but he "deals on the square." "Bell & Son, 37 Nassau street," address "My Dear Sir," and ingeniously "feel that there is no risk in confiding to you our secret." They prudently add, "Please pay the express charges," and "return this letter, to remind us." "H. Colter & Co., 195 Broadway," address a "Most esteemed Friend," and sign themselves, in a burst of lithographed affection, "Fraternally yours." "Order only by express," and "please return this sheet to remind us of the acquaintance." Colter & Co., say they will in this, lithographed instance, defend from our usual custom of requiring all cash in advance, and upon receipt of ten dollars, by express, as a guaranty of sincerity, send," and so on. "William J. Ferguson, 194 Broadway," who sends his letters from Brooklyn, will "take a solemn oath that the bills which I send you will never be detected." Williams & Co., and Colter & Co., have also printed slips, the latter inviting calls at "Room 26, top floor, 195 Broadway."

We could extend the list *ad infinitum*, but the above will suffice, to indicate the extent and character of this operation.—Usually the rascals rent a room or two for a short time and send out their circulars under assumed names, shifting their quarters from time to time to avoid trouble, some calls from the police or swindled dupes. It is not often they remain long enough at one place to be caught. Now, if after all this, any body wants to invest in this line, let them go ahead, but don't be surprised if you should be waked up some morning by a Detective on the lookout for would-be dealers in Counterfeit money.

(For the Star and Sentinel.

The Mt. Union Sunday School of Union township, Adams County, held their anniversary at Christ Church on Sunday, Dec. 4th. The School met at 2 P. M., the exercises opening with singing and prayer. The School was then treated to cakes, candies, nuts, &c., which luxuries were in great abundance and gave evidence of the interest generally manifested by the parents and teachers in the glorious cause. Much to the disappointment of the officers the books ordered for rewards to the children did not come, which will be attended to hereafter. After the good things, much to the enjoyment of the children, were shared out, J. B. Baughman, S. S. Missionary, addressed the audience and was listened to with almost breathless silence, when the School sang some of their delightful pieces, and adjourned by singing the doxology, Praise God from whom, &c.

The meeting was largely attended, and all appeared to be gratified, and we hope not without some good impressions made on the hearts and minds of those present, to go forward in obeying the command of our Heavenly Master, when he said "feed my lambs."

The School has been in a very prosperous condition since it was organized last spring. It numbers 74 scholars, and 22 officers and teachers. The success is to be attributed mainly to the officers and teachers for their regular attendance and showing to their scholars that their hands and hearts are interested in the cause.

COTTAGE CYCLOPEDIA.—Mr. W. A. Burnham, Syracuse, N. Y., has in press a new work under this title, specimen pages of which are before us. It promises to be a valuable popular compendium of History and Biography, embracing memorable persons, events, places and things, useful in every family. The specimen pages indicate good printing, on clear white paper and leaded type. It will be sold exclusively by subscription, and canvassing Agents are wanted. See adv.

ZINN & Co., keep the finest Toys, Candies, Fruits, Nuts, that you will find in Gettysburg. 2t

A CHANCE FOR BUTHRA.—Persons desiring good Stock, Farming Utensils, &c., will do well to attend the sale by the Administrator of Jacob Biesecker, deceased, near McKnightstown, on Friday the 23rd inst. The Real Estate will be offered at the same time.

THE BEST STOVE now in market, for beauty, economy, and comfort, is admitted all around to be the MORNING GLORY. It defies all competition, and that is the judgment of all who have used it. It is just the thing for Offices, Stores, and Parlor Chambers. Call at C. H. Buehler's Ware Room, opposite the Passenger Depot, and examine for yourselves. tf

NOTICES OF BOOKS, &c.

THE GALAXY for 1871 promises even greater attractions than heretofore. One distinctive feature of the Galaxy is, the bright sharp way in which it is edited. Every subject of popular interest is at once seized upon and written up by the most competent person. The Galaxy has gathered around itself a staff of the most popular writers in every department, and it is clear that every number is made up with the same unity of purpose and nice discernment of the public taste, which characterizes our most successful daily and weekly papers. It has been the custom for magazines to furnish the public with the best selection they could make from such articles as were sent to them for publication. The day for this has past, and the editor of a first class magazine has a very different duty to perform from reading manuscript, and culling out the best. He must create. He must map out the style of magazine he wishes to produce, and then seek out the most competent persons to prepare articles upon subjects on which the public desire to read. This important change in the requirements of magazine literature, THE GALAXY was the first to discern, if it did not itself create the change.

Among the attractions for the coming year, the Galaxy has engaged Porte Crayon to furnish a series of sketches of life and adventure, which will revive the old interest in his picture of American scenes. Mrs. Edwards, the author of "Archie Lovel," "Steven Lawrence," and "Susan Fielding," will begin a new novel in the January number, entitled "Ought We to Visit Her?"

In the January number a new department will be opened—a department of science—which will be under the charge of a distinguished writer in that field, remarkable for his skill in bringing within popular apprehension even the more abstruse investigations of modern science.

The remarkable series of papers by distinguished public men, to which Messrs. Thurlow Weed, J. S. Black, Horatio King, and Gideon Welles have contributed during the year now closed, will be continued during 1871, and will include contributions from other public men of high position and wide experience.

Mr. Richard Grant White will, early in the year, begin his series of articles on "Americanism," a continuation of the popular series on "Words and their Uses."

Mr. Justin McCarthy has returned to the United States, and will contribute regularly to the Galaxy as heretofore.

Of other writers who will have articles in the numbers of the Galaxy for 1871, may be named: Bayard Taylor, Ik Marvel, Parke Godwin, Dr. J. C. Draper, Carl Benson, Laura d'Hauterive (author of the Havana Letter), Prof. J. M Hart, of Cornell University, and others.

The conductors of the Galaxy intend to make it even better and more attractive than it has heretofore been. No expense will be spared to secure articles of the greatest interest to its readers.

THE NATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHER for December has an appetizing bill-of-fare for its Sabbath School constituency. It contains, among other things, a racy readable article by Rev. J. R. McLean, entitled, "Sunday Schools, the Church Gardens;" Joseph Allen, D. D., continues the series on "Mental Facts for Sunday School Teachers," which shows much analytical power on the part of the author, and Rev. B. K. Pierce gives some really interesting facts concerning "Juvenile Reform." The magazine, besides the above, contains the usual outfit for a Sabbath School teacher, the perfection of which has made it so invaluable to the Sunday School workers.

The publishers promise an *enlargement* for 1871, and still further improvements, which will place the TEACHER beyond comparison with any other Sunday School magazine in the world. They offer to send specimen copies free until January 1st, 1871.

The same firm publishes "THE SUNDAY SCHOOL SCHOLAR," a capital magazine for boys and girls, specially adapted to interest, amuse and instruct the young; 50 cts per annum—clubs of 10 at 40 cents, 25 or more at 30 cents per annum.

Address, for either magazine, Adams, Blackmer & Lyon Pub. Co., 160 Clarke street, Chicago.

☞THE INDEPENDENT of New York has issued a circular to its business patrons, which reads as follows:

THE INDEPENDENT.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE ONLY $2 50 PER ANNUM.

Its Extensive Circulation in all parts of the Country.

THE MOST POPULAR RELIGIOUS WEEKLY IN THE WORLD.

The following facts and figures taken from our Mail Books prove most conclusively that THE INDEPENDENT is the best advertising medium in the country. We stand ready to show our books to any advertiser who doubts the accuracy of our statement. We are *astonished ourselves* at this revelation of unparalleled facts and figures made in a recent examination of our books. Advertisers will also bear in mind that THE INDEPENDENT probably circulates—through news agents, to whom we make large sales—in many places not mentioned on our Mail Books. We do not believe, for instance, that any single newspaper in the State of Massachusetts, either secular or religious, goes into so many towns or to so many post-offices in that State as does THE INDEPENDENT; and the same, we believe, is true of Illinois, and also of *every other Northern State*. In other words, THE INDEPENDENT has a wider territorial circulation in each of the Northern States than any other journal, either local or foreign. If a business man, therefore, in Boston, Chicago, or elsewhere, wants to communicate with the public in his own *state and vicinity*, THE INDEPENDENT, as will be seen, is by far the best medium. Our crowded advertising columns conclusively show that business men in all directions already appreciate our ability to aid them; and we are not afraid to refer indiscriminately to thousands of such in New York and elsewhere.

We mean it shall not be our fault if THE INDEPENDENT does not go to every post-office in the country. In other words, we mean to merit the patronage of all good people in every direction.

The following figures show the number of post-offices to which THE INDEPENDENT is now sent in the several states mentioned:

STATE.	Total No. of Post-offices in the State.	No. of Post-offices to which The Independent is sent.
Maine	757	219
New Hampshire	452	208
Vermont	546	253
Massachusetts	1,000	691
Rhode Island	60	60
Connecticut	600	295
New York	2,600	1,205
New Jersey	800	350
Pennsylvania	2,500	1,257
Ohio	2,000	897
Indiana	1,267	553
Iowa	1,253	417
Illinois	1,600	781
Michigan	800	416
Wisconsin	800	316
Minnesota	350	127
California	400	182
Oregon	200	107
Colorado	130	77
Nebraska	124	77

In the above named twenty states the figures show that THE INDEPENDENT is sent to 10,625 post-offices.

HENRY C. BOWEN,
Publisher and Proprietor,
3 Park Place, New York.

YEAR BOOK.—The publishers of the *New York Observer* will issue on the 1st of January, a "Year Book and Almanac," containing valuable civil, commercial and agricultural information, with a large amount of statistics bearing on religious and benevolent operations of the Christian church, price $1. A copy of this valuable work will be given *gratuitously* to all who subscribe and pay for the *Observer* for one year. The *N. Y. Observer* is one of the most valuable religous journals of the day, and this liberal offer of the publishers ought to secure a large increase in circulation. See adv.

☞The United States Patent Laws, with instructions how to obtain Patents, is the title of a work of 112 pages, sent to us by MUNN & Co., 37 Park Row, New York. It also contains the official rules, forms for patent deeds, hints on selling patents, 150 diagrams of mechanical movements, and a large variety of other useful information. It is a book really worth having and can be had free by all who will send their names to Messrs. Munn & Co. above.

GROCERIES in great variety, of the best quality, at Zinn & Co. 2t

☞Be wise to-day. 'Tis madness to neglect a cough or cold however slight. Consumption may follow, and though Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has frequently cured this much dreaded disease, it almost invariably cures the primary diseases of the throat, lungs and chest, where other remedies fail. 1t

CHRISTMAS IS COMING.—A little over two weeks, the Christmas holidays will be here. Parents and others, who are looking around for substantial gifts to their children and friends, will do well to call and examine the large assortment of attractive Books, specially prepared for the holiday season, at the Bookstore of A. D. BUEHLERS, on Chambersburg street. The assortment embraces a large variety of the best Juvenile publications, together with Standard Literature, gotten up in every style, and admirably adapted for the Library or Center Table. Also, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, fine Cutlery, and Fancy Articles. tf

JUMPING JACKS, Drums, Fifes, Harmonicans, Whips, and all kinds of children's toys for sale cheap at Zinn & Co. 2t

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Provision Market.
Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	4 75	@	5 00
EXTRA FLOUR	5 50	@	5 75
WHITE WHEAT	1 30	@	1 50
RED WHEAT	1 35	@	1 60
CORN	69	@	73
RYE	80	@	85
OATS	51	@	52
TIMOTHY-SEED	4 75	@	5 00
CLOVER-SEED	7 00	@	7 00
FLAX-SEED	2 10	@	2 15
BACON, SHOULDERS	00	@	13
" SIDES	13	@	14
" HAMS	18	@	18
LARD	12½	@	12¾

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.
Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	0 00	@	0 00
EXTRA FLOUR	0 00	@	5 75
WHITE WHEAT	0 00	@	0 00
RED WHEAT	1 10	@	1 25
CORN	00	@	75
RYE	00	@	75
BUCKWHEAT	00	@	40
TIMOTHY-SEED	0 00	@	90
CLOVER-SEED	0 00	@	4 00
POTATOES	00	@	6 00
BUTTER	00	@	1 00
LARD	00	@	30
EGGS	00	@	12
BACON, SHOULDERS	00	@	25
" SIDES	00	@	17
" HAMS	00	@	13
SOAP	00	@	00
TALLOW	00	@	6
	00	@	8

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of Jay Cooke & Bro., of South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

Dec. 14th, 1870.

3 o'clock, P. M.		
U. S. 6's of '81	113	113¾
" " '62	107½	107¾
" " '64	107½	107¾
" " '65	107½	107¾
" " '65 10-40s	105¾	105¾
" " '67	110	110¼
" " '68	110¼	110¼
" 5's, 10-40's	105¾	105¾
U. S. 7-30 per cent. Cy	110¼	110¾
Gold	111	111¼
Silver	106	106
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds	800	810
Central Pacific R. R.	920	930
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds	630	640

MARRIED.

BROUGH—THOSTLE.—At the house of the bride's father, Isaac Trostle, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. Adam Hollinger, Mr. William Brough to Miss Lydia A. Trostle, all of Adams county.

DEARDORFF—WISER.—On the 11th inst., by the Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. Isaac Deardorff to Mrs. Louisa Wisler, both of the vicinity of this place.

REED—DUNN.—On the 5th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Hauer, Mr. Levi L. Herr of Conowago township, to Miss Mary C., daughter of Mr. John Dunn, of New Oxford.

LEAS—BROWN.—On the 27th ult., at the house of John Leas, by the Rev. Adam Hollinger, Mr. Joseph Leas to Miss Melinda Brown, all of York county.

AYERS—REINECKER.—On the 3d ult., by the Rev. Adam Hollinger, Mr. David Myers, of York county, to Miss Delilah Reinecker, of Adams co.

MELHORN—THOMAS.—On the 14th inst., by the Rev. Adam Hollinger, Mr. Jacob Melhorn, of Mountpleasant township, to Mrs. Barbara Thoman, all of this place.

STONER—MCCLEAF.—On the 8th inst., by Rev. E. S. Johnston, Mr. Daniel C. Stoner to Miss Eliza F. McCleaf, both of Fairfield.

SHRIVER—BLAIR.—On the 29th ult., by Rev. E. S. Johnston, Mr. George Isaac Shriver to Miss N. Nancy Clarke, both of Adams county.

WILLIAMS—HOFFMAN.—On the 4th inst., by Rev. Adam Hollinger, John N. Williams to Louisa Minny, all of York county.

DIED.

CLASS.—On the 11th inst., in this place, Mary A., wife of Lieut. Jacob W. Cross, aged 29 years, 9 months and 2 days.

REYNOLDS.—At Clarks, Pa., on the 21st ult., William J. Reynolds, grandson of Mr. John Weikert, of Cumberland township, this county, aged 5 years, 11 months and 20 days.

☞NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of JOHN SLENTZ, sen., late of Gettysburg, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said place, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JORI B. DANNER,
JACOB SLENTZ,
Executors.

Dec. 16-6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of HENRY STEINOUR, deceased, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Gettysburg, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL HERBST, Adm'r.

Dec. 16-6t

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Rev. CHARLES J. HEMLER, late of Gettysburg, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE EHREHART,
Dr. J. W. RICHELSBERGER,
Rev. PETER BORN,
Executors.

☞The first named Executor resides in Straban township; the second in Emmittsburg, Md., and the last named in Hagerstown, Md.

Dec. 16-6t

Notice.

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Assembly of Pennsylvania, of April 8, 1861, James M. Townsend, the purchaser of "The Gettysburg Railroad," and all property and franchises sold by Deed, Dec. 14, 1870, under a decree of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, hereby gives notice that he will meet at the office of H. D. Scott, in the Valentine Street, Philadelphia,

ON THURSDAY, DEC. 29, 1870,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., to organize, elect a President and Directors, and transact the business authorized by said Act of Assembly.

JAMES M. TOWNSEND.

Dec. 16, 1870.—td

ADAMS COUNTY

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

meets in the Court-House in

GETTYSBURG,

Dec. 26th, at 1 1-2 o'clock, P. M.

Dec. 16.-tf

J. HOWARD WERT,
County Superintendent.

New Advertisements.

ELECTION.

The members of "THE ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY" will meet in Agricultural Hall, on *Monday, January 2d, 1871*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to transact the usual business, after which an election will be held for officers for the year 1871, in accordance with the provisions of the charter. By order of the Board,

SAMUEL HERBST, President.

E. G. FAHNESTOCK, Secretary.

Dec. 16.-3t

SMALL FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber, Executor of LEONARD BRICKER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on *Monday, the 2d day of January, 1871*, on the premises, the Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

A desirable SMALL FARM, situate on the Taneytown road, two miles from Gettysburg, in Cumberland township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Group, John Musser, James Elder, and others, and containing 29 ACRES, more or less, improved with a two-story STONE HOUSE and Back-building, large Smoke House, Log Barn, with shed, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, hog Pen, and other out-buildings; a good well of water at the house, and an Apple Orchard, beside a general variety of the best fruit. This is a very desirable home, and should command the attention of buyers.

Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on the Executor, residing within the borough limits of Gettysburg, or on John Musser, residing on the property.

At the same time and place will be sold: 1 Bedstead and Bedding, 1 Clock and Case, 1 Settee, 2 Rocking Chairs, a lot of Carpeting, and a lot of Wheat.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY CULP, of P.,
Executor.

Dec. 16.-ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL AND REAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of Rev. C. J. FLEHARTY, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 5th day of January, 1871*, at the late residence of said deceased, on Carlisle street, in the borough of Gettysburg, the following valuable personal property, viz:

1 FAMILY HORSE, 1 Cow, 1 Buggy, and Harness, 1 one-horse Wagon, 6 tons of Hay, Cornfodder and Straw, a few of Corn, 5 tons of Stone Coal, Corn sheller, Wheelbarrow, with a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as 2 Hall Glory Stoves, one a Double Heater, 1 Cooking Stove and fixtures, 1 common Coal Stoves, 1 Sheet-iron Stove, Bureau, Centre Table, Dining and Breakfast Tables, Sofa, Chairs, Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, What-not, Stands, Carpeting, and Matting, Clock, Lamps, Window Blinds, Looking Glasses, Queens Glass, and Crockery Ware, Boxes, Barrels, &c.; also 3 large Book Cases, together with many VALUABLE BOOKS, embracing among others the New American Cyclopedia, 16 vol.; the Annual Cyclopedia, 8 vol.; Biblical Repository, 1 vol.; Bibliotheca Sacra, 1 vol.; Evidences of the Christian Religion and Church, 4 vol.; Evangelical Review, 4 vol.; Volumes Lange's Commentaries; and a Greek Testament, 2 vol.; the above all beautifully and substantially bound and in good order; in addition some valuable Theological German and Latin works.

At the same time and place will be offered the DESIRABLE PROPERTY lately occupied by the deceased, situated on Carlisle street, which is now being so rapidly and handsomely improved. The lot is 125 feet front by 417 feet deep, and is improved with a comfortable and commodious two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE and Backbuilding, a new Bank Barn, Carriage House, Wood House, Corn Crib, &c., with an excellent Well of Water, a Cistern and a large variety of choice Fruit and Shade Trees on the lot.

All in all, this is one of the most desirable properties in the town, and should command the attention of all in want of a pleasant home.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE EHREHART
J. W. EICHELBERGER.
P. BORN,
JAMES CALDWELL, Auctioneer. Executors.

Dec. 16.-ts

TAX APPEALS.

THE Commissioners of Adams county hereby give notice that they have fixed upon the following times and places for holding the TAX APPEALS for 1871, in the several boroughs and townships of Adams county, when and where they will attend to hear appeals, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M., of each day, as follows, viz:

For Mountjoy township, on Monday, January 9, 1871, at the house of Mrs. Sarah Haus, in said township.

For Germany township and Littlestown borough, on Tuesday, January 10, 1871, at the house of Geo. B. Yantis, in Littlestown.

For Union township, on Wednesday, January 11, 1871, at the house of Geo. B. Yantis, in Littlestown.

For Conowago township, on Thursday, January 12, 1871, at the house of Jeremiah Johns, in McSherrystown.

For Mountpleasant township, on Friday, January 13, 1871, at the house of J. E. Smith, in said township.

For Straban township, on Monday, January 16, 1871, at the house of Jacob L. Gruss, in Hunters.

For Oxford township, on Tuesday, January 17, 1871, at the house of J. H. Weist, in New Oxford.

For Berwick township and Berwick borough, on Wednesday, January 18, 1871, at the house of Francis J. Wilson, in Abbottstown.

For Hamilton township, on Thursday, January 19, 1871, at the house of Abner S. Hildebrand, in East Berlin.

For Reading township, on Friday, January 20, 1871, at the house of R. M. Diehl, in Hampton.

For Gettysburg, on Tuesday, January 24, 1871, at the Commissioners' Office, in Gettysburg.

For Huntington township and York Springs borough, on Monday, February 6, 1871, at the house of Mrs. Jane Reed, in York Springs borough.

For Latimore township, on Tuesday, February 7, 1871, at the house of Mrs. Jane Reed, in York Springs borough.

For Tyrone township, on Wednesday, February 8, 1871, at the house of Wm. Sadler, in Heidlersburg.

For Menallen township, on Thursday, February 9, 1871, at the house of Isaac Myers, in Bendersville.

For Butler township, on Friday, February 10, 1871, at the house of J. A. H. Betzer, in Middletown.

For Franklin township, on Monday, February 13, 1871, at the house of Washington Erb, in New Salem.

For Hamiltonban township, on Tuesday, February 14, 1871, at the house of Peter Shively, in Fairfield.

For Liberty township, on Wednesday, February 15, 1871, at the house of John Nunnemaker, in said township.

For Freedom township, on Thursday, February 16, 1871, at the house of Samuel S. Moritz, in said township.

For Cumberland and Highland townships, on Friday, February 17, 1871, at the house of Francis Breani, in Cumberland township.

MOSES HARTMAN,
EMANUEL NEIDICH,
FRANCIS WILL,
Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. JEFF. MYERS, Clerk.

Dec. 16, 1870.—4t

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of JANUARY, 1871, at 10o'clock, A. M., viz:

71. The first and final account of Samuel Nagle, deceased.

72. The first and final account of Elizabeth Nagle, deceased.

73. First account of David Myers, of York county, Administrator of the Estate of Jacob Baumgardner, late of Mountpleasant township, dec'd.

74. First account of David Kendlehart, Executor of the last Will and Testament of James Bowen, deceased.

75. First account of Jonas Hollinger & Peter Hartman, Executors of the Estate of Peter Hartman, deceased.

76. First and final account of Thomas A. Ferguson and Mary Reid, Administrators of the Estate of Andrew Reid, deceased.

77. The account of Wm. McSherry, surviving Executor of Dr. Samuel G. Kinzer, deceased.

SAMUEL A. SWOPE, Register.

Dec. 16, 1870.—4t

Schomacker & Co.'s Pianos.

Great Sale of first-class Rosewood Pianos at Prices below the Actual Cost to Manufacture.

Having determined to offer our extensive stock of superior and highly-finished Rosewood Pianos at prices below the actual cost to manufacture, we will sell, during the month of December, at the following great reductions, in order to close out our large stock by the end of the year.

No. 1, 7 octave, four round corners, carved legs, $550 for $350.

No. 2, 7 octave, four round corners, carved legs, $500 for $300.

No. 3, 7 octave, from round corners, serpentine case, $450 for $300.

No. 4, 7 octave, four round corners, moulding case, $700 for $475.

No. 5, 7¼ octave, four round corners, moulding case, $750 for $500.

No. 6, 7¼ octave, Square Grand, richly carved case, $900 for $550.

No. 7, 7 octave Upright or Cabinet Piano $700 for $400.

No. 8, 7 octave Upright or Cabinet Piano $700 for $450.

No. 9, 7¼ octave Upright or Cabinet Piano $800 for $500.

No. 10, 7¼ octave Semi-Grand Piano $600 for $600.

No. 11, 7¼ octave Three-quarter Grand Piano $1000 for $700.

No. 12, 7¼ octave Full Concert Grand Piano $1200 for $800.

The reputation of these first-class instruments makes it necessary for us to say a word in their favor. They are universally acknowledged to be superior to any instrument made.

Those wishing to purchase, or desiring to make CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,

will find that our special and extraordinary reduction of prices will enable them to obtain A FIRST-CLASS INSTRUMENT

at a price even less than a second-rate, or inferior one would otherwise cost them.

Those wanting bargains should not fail to call at our Warerooms, No. 1103 Chestnut Street, and examine our large stock, where they will be readily convinced of the superiority of these Pianos, and the liberalities at which we are offering them.

SCHOMACKER & CO.

N. B.—Sole agents for the celebrated BURDETT ORGAN.

☞Catalogues, with description of styles and schedules of prices, can be had by applying at our warerooms, or will be sent by mail.

Philadelphia, Dec. 16, 1870.—6w

AGENTS WANTED.

Invaluable to every reader of a book, magazine or paper.

THE COTTAGE CYCLOPEDIA.

ILLUSTRATED.

A

COMPLETE LIBRARY

OF

HISTORY AND BIOGRAPHY.

Arranged so that the questions who? what? where? and when? so often suggested in regard to persons, places and things, in all ordinary reading, are here readily and correctly answered. It also recounts the wonderful, romantic and stirring events of History, and is replete with illustrative Anecdotes and Adventures—rendering it one of the most valuable and readable books in the world. Issued in one volume, and

SOLD BY SUBSCRIPTION ONLY.

Send for Circulars.

W. A. BURNHAM, Publisher,
Syracuse, N. Y.

Dec. 16, 1870.—3m

New Advertisements.

GREAT BARGAIN.
A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

The undersigned, Agent for the owner, will sell at Private Sale, a building suitable for a SINGLE FACTORY, LAUNDRY AND SAW MILLS, together with 2½ HORSE-POWER ENGINE, in good running order and condition, and also Water Power, in Adams county, and in a part of the country abounding with suitable Timber. Sold in consequence of the owner retiring from business. To be sold on accommodating terms. Possession at once.

☞For further particulars apply to

DANIEL H. MARTLEY, Agent.

IDAVILLE, Adams county, Pa., Dec. 16.—3t

A VALUABLE BOOK

THE

NEW YORK OBSERVER

YEAR BOOK

AND ALMANAC,

TO BE ISSUED JANUARY 1ST, 1871.

One of the most complete compends of important information which has ever been compiled for the use of the people. It should be in every Library, as a Book of Reference.

It contains an interesting History of Almanacs; Civil, Commercial, and Agricultural Information concerning all the Governments in the World; a General Summary of all the Benevolent Institutions and Religious Denominations in the World, with a complete Ministerial Directory of nearly every Religious Body in the United States, a complete List of all the Colleges, Theological Seminaries, Medical and Law Schools in the United States.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

All persons subscribing and paying for the NEW YORK OBSERVER for 1871 (*$3*) will receive a copy of this valuable work

GRATUITOUSLY.

Sample copies of the *Observer* sent free.

SIDNEY E. MORSE, JR., & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.

Mailed to any address, post-paid, on receipt of price. Dec. 16.-3t

Farm, Garden & Household.

TO TRAIN A HORSE TO STAND.—The *American Stock Journal* contains the following directions: "Take your horse on the barn floor and throw a strap over his back and fasten it to his right fore foot; lead him along and say "whoa," at the same time pull down the strap, which throws him on three feet and makes him stop suddenly. This is the way known to teach whoa, though you can put on the war bridle; and say whoa, and give him a sharp jerk that will stop him about as soon as the strap to the foot. Then put him in harness, with the foot-strap, as directed under the head of "training to harness," and drive him up to the door. The moment he undertakes to move take his foot and say whoa. Get in your carriage and get out again: rattle the thills, make all the noise getting in and out you can; give him to understand, by snatching his foot each time he moves, that he must stand until you tell him to go; and after a few times you can put the whole family in the carriage and he won't stir out of his tracks.

WASHES FOR FRUIT TREES. Twice a year, at least, every fruit in the orchard should be washed with some liquid, strong enough to destroy the eggs and pupæ of insects, and the roots and spores of mosses and fungi. In using caustic lye for the destruction of bark lice, several persons have killed their trees, as sometimes the bark turns black and peels off after the application of this wash, and the death of tree follows. Lime whitewash is recommended by some persons, but it is unsightly and disapproved of by the most experienced fruit growers; soap suds are harmless, but are too mild for the purpose for which the application is required. The most suitable wash is a solution of common sal-soda in the proportion of one pound of soda to a gallon of water.—Rain water is the best for this purpose. This wash will not injure the bark, but will kill the eggs or pupæ of insects, and will clear away mosses, etc. It will remove bark and produce a healthy surface.—*Western Rural.*

BIG ICE-HOUSE.—A subscriber to *Hearth and Home* in Norwalk, Conn., asks for the plan of a large ice-house.—Nothing is simpler. Ice-houses for storing great quantities of ice are roofed boxes of convenient sizes, with double sides, filled in with some non-conducting material, usually shavings or sawdust. These structures are often put up quite late in the autumn. All that is necessary is to shape the ground, place the sills, raise the frame usually sixteen feet to the eaves, put on the shingle-roof, and nail the two-inch hemlock plant to the frame inside; you may then put in the bottom or flooring of plank, half an inch apart, well supported, cover it with salt hay, straw, or any cheap porous, moderately close-packing substance, and get in the ice, if need be, before the weatherboarding is put on.—This must, of course, be put on, and the stuffing put in well, rammed down before there is any let up to the cold weather.

MULCHING.—The trees transplanted this spring should be mulched as soon as the ground becomes dry. For this purpose grass is as good as anything.—Don't put around the tree too much at a time, and repeat the mulch when it gets dry and thin. Remove it once or twice during the summer, and stir up the ground well, then replace it. It will save many a tree, if the season should be hot and dry, which we think this season will be.

The strawberry, raspberry, and blackberry beds should also be well mulched. Any quantity of dry stuff about a place, especially leaves, scrapings, &c., or short grass cut from lawns, will do. An application of the contents of a hot-bed is very beneficial.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

ASHES FOR FRUIT TREES.—The editor of the Horticulturist says:

We have known quite a number of instances—indeed, so often as to make it quite a rule—that old orchards apparently dying out have been brought back to fruitfulness by the liberal use of wood ashes, also stirring the soil. Potash is the most important element in the successful growth of all kinds of fruit trees.

An old gentleman told a club not long ago, that he had known a man to make and preserve an orchard of apple trees in a flourishing and productive condition, originally placed on very poor ground by sprinkling every year around each tree, to the circumference of the extent of its branches, half a bushel of ashes. We consider this a very important item.

COUGH IN HORSES.—A cough is rather a symptom than a disease. It is often caused by the irritability of the air passage, occasioned by previous disease. A chronic cough in horses is often occasioned by indiscretion in the treatment of influenza, distemper, and disease of the respiratory apparatus. It is also one of the effects of liver disease, and sometimes for worms. Too much dry fodder, especially chaff, often aggravates a cough. Carrots and other roots and green feed may be advantageously used. Give your horse a warm stall, with bedding a foot deep, with moist cut feed, a little laxative medicine and not much hard work.

HOW TO PRODUCE GOOD MILLERS.—It is certainly to be regretted that more care is not taken to improve the milking qualities of our stock. Extra milkers should be kept to breed from their milk not taken so long or in such quantities that they abort their calves, neither should their progeny be killed at such an early age that it is thrown on the dung hill, in order that all the milk of the dam may go to market or cheese factory. It is quite as necessary to raise the calves of good milkers as it is to raise the colts of fine trotters in order to have fast horses. Extra dairy stock would bring fancy prices in the market if their milking qualities could be vouched for.

WHEAT FOR HORSES.—The Oneida *Community Circular* of a recent date says: "For the past month our horses have been fed wheat instead of corn. One bushel of wheat mixed with two of oats, and the ground product fed with cut hay. The experiment was tried because corn was as high priced as wheat. Wheat has now risen fifteen cents per bushel, and consequently corn will be used again. The horses are, however, stronger and sleeker when fed on wheat. If barley does not command a high this fall, an experiment will be made of feeding it to horses, in imitation of the Arabic custom."

CURRANTS.—No fruit is more neglected than this, and none will respond more readily to good treatment. A good dressing of manure and mulching before hot weather comes on, will increase the size and quality of the fruit. The Currante worms, so destructive to the foliage in some localities, are best treated by dusting the leaves with powdered white hellebore.

Fire and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated, March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg, (Y. S.)

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 19 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $20,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

une 10, 1868—tf

THE
Hahnemann Life Insurance
COMPANY,
OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.

CASH ASSETS OVER.....$650,000 00
CASH INCOME.....300,000 00
STATE DEPOSITS.....100,000 00

Dividends are annually paid to Policy holders in CASH.

ALL POLICIES ARE
NON-FORFEITABLE.

Insures on all Modern and Popular Plans.

Nearly all restrictions regarding Residence, Travel and Occupation are removed.

A large Premium Fund is reserved for the benefit of Policy Holders.

In all its experience this Company has never contested a claim.

PERFECTLY RELIABLE AND STRICTLY MUTUAL.

All information desired can be had by addressing the Harrisburg office or any of its Agents.

J. W. SHEETS, General Agent, Harrisburg, P.

REV. C. J. EHREHART,
Special Agent, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

Aug. 4, 1870.—1y

Groceries

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail dealer in

GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

A large lot of GROCERIES that I am selling Cheap or Cash.

CHOICE LIQUORS,

Old Rye Whiskey eight years old.

Very old French Brandy.

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS.

A general assortment of BITTERS, among which are Mishler's Herb Bitters.

PURE LIQUORS for Medical purposes, at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

TABLE CUTLERY, Glass-ware, Queensware, &c., at WM. J. MARTIN'S.
April 30, 1869—tf

NEW GROCERY.

JESSE M. WALTER

HAS opened a new Grocery Store, adjoining his residence on York street, and will always keep on hand

PRIME GROCERIES

of all kinds—Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Syrup, Molasses, Fish, Salt, Pepper, Spices, &c. Also, Confections, Fruits, Nuts, Soaps, and Notions generally. He has now on hand a fine lot of HAMS for family use.

☞All of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Call and examine.

THE HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR
BUTTER & EGGS.

Gettysburg, Sept. 30, 1870.—tf

NEW GROCERY.

HAVING purchased from Mr. AMOS ECKERT his Grocery establishment, on the Northwest corner of Centre Square, GETTYSBURG, PA., and laid in a new stock of Goods, I respectfully invite my friends and the public to give me a call. In addition to a large and varied stock of prime

Groceries, Notions, &c.,

I will keep constantly on hand the best quality of

Queensware, Fire-Proof and Glassware,

Fruits, Confections, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates.

H. H. BEAMER.
June 24, 1870.—tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

Also Stone, Wooden and Willow-ware.

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867—tf

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

JOHN FAREIRA,

728 Arch St.

Middle of the Block, between 7th and 8th Streets, South Side,

PHILADELPHIA,

Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality of

FANCY FURS

For Ladies' and Children's Wear.

Having enlarged, remodeled and improved my old and favorably known FUR ESTABLISHMENT, and having secured a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe and having had them made up by the most skilful workmen, I would respectfully invite my friends of Gettysburg and vicinity, as well as strangers visiting Philadelphia, to call and examine my very extensive and tasteful assortment of Fancy Furs, as I am confident I can offer inducements to purchasers in every other respectable house in the city. All Furs warranted as represented, or no sales to effect sales. JOHN FAREIRA, 728 Arch Street, Philadelphia. [Oct. 31, '68

Forwarding Houses.

LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Ware-house at the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa. and will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c.; also, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. IRON of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

He is always able to supply a first-rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

He will also run a

Line of Freight Cars

to No. 165 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and No. 511 Market street, PHILADELPHIA.—All goods sent to either place will be received and forwarded promptly. All goods should be marked "CRESS' COAL."

April 2, 1868.—tf JOHN CRESS

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. E. WIBLE.

Joseph Wible & Son,

PRODUCE DEALERS,

South-east cor. of Railroad and Washington sts., GETTYSBURG, PA.

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of Grain, Hay, Straw and Country Produce generally. Constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, or secured at short notice.
April 22, 1870.—tf

ROBERT M'CURDY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned is paying at his Warehouse, in Carlisle street adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c.

and invites producers to give him a call before selling. He has constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c., also, the celebrated "LILY" FLOUR, with Feed of all kinds. He likewise has

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and Mexican Guano.

☞While he pays the highest market prices for all he buys, he sells at the lowest living profits. He asks a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT M'CURDY.
July 23, 1869.—tf

NEW FIRM.

BIGHAM & BROTHER.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned, having entered into partnership under the firm of BIGHAM & BROTHER, will carry on the Forwarding and Commission business, at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, and devote to it their entire time and attention. The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid at all times for Grain and Produce.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from these cities. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, No. 35 North Howard street, Baltimore, and to Burk's Warehouse, 812 Market street, Philadelphia.

We will also keep constantly on hand the best of

Groceries of all kinds,

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Fish, Salt, Syrups, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c., which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
JAMES BIGHAM.
Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Hardware and Groceries.

The subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of **Hardware** and **Groceries**, which they are offering at their old stand on Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Tools, Coach Findings, Shoe Findings, Cabinet-Maker's Tools, Housekeeper's Fixtures, All kinds of Iron, &c., &c., &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints, &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had in JOHN A. DODGE'S. class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and Hardware, and let those wanting to find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the City. DAVID ZIEGLER.
JOEL B. DANNER.
May 29, 1867—tf

NEW STORE!

SWEITZER & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hardware and Groceries,

Carlisle St., near the Railroad, Gettysburg.

HARDWARE—Includes Builders' Hardware generally. Nails, Locks, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c. We call the attention of Blacksmiths to our assortment of Iron, Steel, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c.

HOUSE KEEPERS are invited to examine our stock of Knives, Forks, Spoons, Tubs, &c., &c.

GROCERIES, such as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Syrups, Vinegar, Soaps, &c., all of which we will constantly keep on hand. All sold low for cash.

Here is the place to buy cheap. Don't forget to call and examine our stock of goods.

SWEITZER & BRO.
Oct. 7, 1870—tf

Sewing Machines.

THE ORIGINAL

Howe Sewing Machine

IMPROVED.

Its Simplicity, Durability, Ease of Operation,

Perfection in mechanical construction, lightness and Beauty in Style and finish, and adapted to a laoge range of work, renders it THE BEST

Sewing Machine in the Market.

An earnest invitation is extended to those about to purchase a Sewing Machine to call and examine this Machine and be convinced of its merits.

☞All orders promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the County.

H. H. ROWE, *Agent,*
Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 4, 1870—tf

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS, *Agent,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

At his residence on York Street.

ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

☞The public are cautioned against purchasing Machines said to be IMPROVED in commercials, with the name of HOWE in connection, as the genuine Machines. They are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a miniature likeness of ELIAS HOWE, JR. on it, &c.
Dec. 16, 1870.—tf

Financial.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

Government Bonds of all kinds,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

The Highest Premium paid on Gold and Silver.

Coupons Cashed or Collected!

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced*

1 *per cent. viz:*

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,

4 PER CENT. for 6 months,

3 PER CENT. for 6 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call, and we will cheerfully give any information.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869—tf

5-20'S AND 1881'S

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD BOUGHT & SOLD

AT MARKET RATES.

COUPONS CASHED!

PACIFIC R. R. BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check.

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

No. 40 South 3rd Street.

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

March 24, 1870.—1y

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

COOK AND PARLOR

STOVES.

OF ALL KINDS.

The latest and most approved styles.

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND HOLLOW WARE,

COAL & LUMBER

OF ALL KINDS.

Call and Examine!

C. H. BUEHLER'S

WARE ROOMS,

CORNER OF CARLISLE & RAILROAD STREETS.

DANIEL CASSELMAN. HENRY OVERDEER.

NEW FIRM.

COAL AND LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, and under the firm of CASSELMAN & OVERDEER and will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand, the Gettysburg Lime Works, on the corner of Railroad and Middle streets. Persons and others can get the best quality of Lime at all times, and at lowest cash rates.

COAL,

at lowest prices.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

DANIEL CASSELMAN.
HENRY OVERDEER.
Oct. 28, 1870.—tf

BROOMS! BROOMS!

THE undersigned continues to manufacture Brooms at the old stand, on the South-west corner of Centre Square, adjoining Stock's Hotel, where he will be pleased to see his old customers and as many new ones as may favor him with a call. Brooms made to order at short notice. Orders left at the Bazaar Store will receive prompt attention.

WILLIAM KEEFER.
Gettysburg, Sept. 23.—3m

Books, Magazines, &c.

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS!

Everybody's Lawyer

AND

BOOK OF FORMS.

By FRANK CROSBY, Esq.,

Member of the Philadelphia Bar.

ENLARGED AND THOROUGHLY REVISED.

By S. J. VANDERSLOOT, Esq.,

Member of the Philadelphia Bar.

608 pp. 12mo. Law Style. $2 00.

THIS UNEQUALLED BOOK concerns the Property, business, individual rights, and social privileges of every one, and affords a fund of legal knowledge that to many will make it worth its weight in gold. The simplicity of its instructions, the comprehensiveness of its subject, the accuracy of its details, the facilities afforded in its perfect arrangement, and the conciseness and the attractiveness of its style, as well as its cheapness, make it the most desirable of all legal hand-books. No effort or expense has been spared in adapting it throughout to the times, and affording in it the most recent and useful information.

IT CONTAINS THE

Constitution of the United States, With Amendments;
General Bankrupt Laws, With Amendments;
Pension Laws, With Necessary Forms;
Internal Revenue Laws, With Stamp Duties;
Post-Office Regulations, With Postage Rates;
Etc., etc.

TOGETHER WITH THE

Laws of all the States

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Acknowledgments, Administrators, Affidavits, Agents, Agreements, Alimony, Appeal, Apprentices, Arbitrations, Assignees, Assignments, Awards, Bills, Boarding, Bonds, Carriers, Codicils, Copyrights, Credits, Debts, Deeds, Divorce, Dower, Exchange, Executors, Exemption, Fences, Gaming, Hotels, Landlords, Leases, Liens, Limitations, Marriage, Masters, Minors, Mortgages, Naturalization, Notes, Obligations, Partnerships, Patents, Penalties, Petitions, Powers, Pre-emptions, Receipts, Release, Rights, Slander, Tenants, Trusts, Wards, Wills, Etc., etc.

WITH

Plain and Simple Instructions to Everybody for Transacting their Business According to Law; the Legal Forms Required for Drawing up the Various Necessary Papers; and Useful Information in Regard to the Government of the United States, and the Various State Governments, etc., etc.

AGENTS WANTED.

LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS are offered to agents everywhere. This work is the most complete of its kind ever published, and presents excellences that commend it to all engaged in the affairs of every-day life. Every Farmer, Business Man, Tradesman, Laboring Man, Politician, Property Holder, Bankrupt, Professional Man, and every one having a family, will find it interesting, instructive, valuable, and full of information.

SEND FOR OUR LARGE AND HANDSOME SIXTY-FOUR PAGE CATALOGUE of nearly One Thousand standard and choice works. Its character throughout is such as to command the confidence of all perfected canvassers, and the approval of the public.

SINGLE COPIES of Everybody's Lawyer sent to any address, postage paid, on receipt of price.

For terms to agents, and other information, address

JOHN E. POTTER & CO.,

PUBLISHERS.

614 *AND* 617 *SANSOM STREET,*

PHILADELPHIA.

Oct. 28, 1870.—3m

Farming Implements, &c.

DODGE'S PATENT REAPER AND MOWER

AND SELF RAKER.

THIS machine has met with the most complete success. In every section where it has been introduced, it has taken precedence over those machines which have heretofore ranked as first-class. It is a perfect Self-Raker and a superior Mower.

A careful examination will convince any one of its superior merits over all others, in simplicity, strength and durability. As a Self-raking Reaper it has no equal to *our knowledge.*

The Dodge rake is attached to no other machine in the United States, except to this machine.—Built by the DODGE & STEVENSON Manufacturing Co., Auburn, New York.

READ THE NOTICE OF THE COMPANY TO OUR AGENTS:

Having been informed that certain manufacturers in Ohio and elsewhere are building Reapers, with Dodge's Self-Rake attached, we ask you to furnish us the names of all persons vending or purchasing such machines, as we have never licensed any person or persons to manufacture said SELF-RAKE or any part thereof, and will prosecute to the full extent of the law all persons manufacturing, selling or using said Self-rake except of our own manufacture.

We have that confidence in this machine that we are willing to let those wanting to find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house in the City. DAVID ZIEGLER.
JOEL B. DANNER.

On Hand a few Second Hand Reapers.

Also, WIRE-TOOTH RAKES, of different make, amongst which is the Brandt Rake. A few PLOUGHS of different kinds, Thresher and Separator, one of the best and cheapest now offered in the county. HARRISBURG FANNING MILL and Farm Implements generally.

☞Persons wishing to examine machines will find them at the warehouse of JOSEPH WIBLE & SON, Gettysburg, Pa., or at the residence of the subscriber, 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road.

EXTRAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND in case of breakage. Persons wanting circulars will address the Subscriber, Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. WIBLE, Agent.
May 27, 1870.—tf

THE CUCUMBER WOOD

PUMP!!

One dozen reasons why this is the best Pump manufactured in America for

WELLS AND CISTERNS.

1. It is Simple. 2. It is Reliable. 3. It is Durable. 4. It Works very Easily. 5. It throws Water Rapidly. 6. It is all Wood. 7. The Wood is Tasteless. 8. It does not Crack in the Sun. 9. It is not liable to get out of order. 10. Should any repairs be necessary in time, they can easily be made by any person. 11. It will not freeze. 12. It is Cheaper than any other reliable Pump manufactured.

Balding's Double Acting Glass Cylinder

FORCE PUMP,

With glass cylinder, and hence no rust and little or no friction—almost frees—and especially adapted for Sprinkling Gardens, Washing Windows, Extinguishing Fires, Elevating Water, &c., &c., believed to be without an equal for durability, economy and convenience.

Having purchased the exclusive right for Adams county, persons requiring Pumps, for wells or cisterns, can have them furnished all complete and ready for use by sending the depth of the well or cistern. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or no payment required.

Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

JOSEPH KUNKLE,
Oct. 21, 1870.—1y McKnightstown, Adams county, Pa.

WANTED AGENTS,

to canvass for

PERKINS AND ROWE'S NON-EXPLOSIVE

KEROSENE LAMP,

Pronounced by more than 50 Physicians in our College,

Absolutely Safe

Agents can make from $5 to $10 per day, and clear from $200 to $500 per month. Our agents make money hand over fist. Call and see us or send for full particulars address

PERKINS & ROWE,
24 Floor, Mechanics' Building,
Harrisburg, Pa.
Oct. 15, 1869.—tf

Medical.

MANHOOD

IN THE YOUNG AND RISING GENERATION

The vegetative powers of life are strong, but in a few years how often the pallid hue, the lack-lustre eye and emaciated form, and the impossibility of application to mental effort, show its baneful influence. It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body. Consumption is talked of, and perhaps the youth is removed from school and sent into the country. This is one of the worst movements. Removed from ordinary diversions of the ever-changing scene of the city, the powers of the body, too much enfeebled to give zest to healthful and rural exercise, thoughts are turned inwards upon themselves.

If the patient be a female, the approach of the menses is looked for with anxiety, as the first symptom in which Nature is to show her saving power in diffusing the circulation and visiting the cheek with the bloom of health. Alas! increase of appetite has grown by what it fed on; the energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged. The beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind undergo so fascinating a change from child to woman, is looked for in vain: the parent's heart bleeds in anxiety, and fancies the grave but waiting for its victim.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, for Weakness arising from excesses or early indiscretion, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Langour, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots Flying before the Eyes, with Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread, for Fear of Themselves; no Repose of Manner, no Earnestness, no Speculation, but a hurried Transition from one question to another.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on—which this Medicine invariably removes—soon follow Loss of Power, Fatuity, and Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire.

During the Superintendence of Dr. Wilson at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this sad result occurred to two patients; reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy. They were of both sexes, and about twenty years of age.

Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases Insanity and Consumption? The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sudden and quite destitute—neither Mirth or Grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate.

"With woeful measures was Despair
Low sullen sounds their grief beguiled."

Whilst we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an invaluable gift of Chemistry for the removal of the consequences. HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU. There is no sanic like it. It is an anchor of hope to the surgeon and patient, and this is a testimony of all who have used or prescribed it.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.—Price $1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

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Drug and Chemical Warehouse,

594 Broadway, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

July 29 1870.—1y

Medical.

DR. SCHENCK

ADVISES CONSUMPTIVES TO GO TO FLORIDA IN WINTER.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicine, were getting well.

The hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there, as there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that when a consumptive does manage to himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of chilling east winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased

For fifteen years, prior to 1859, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take two quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one-third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail to largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily cured in winter by taking a fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. The latter may give a little cold, which they are so credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days.—They pay no attention to it, and thus lay the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope of cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for the patient to walk out one day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my patients strength, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. Do not object to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and clears up, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrakes will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache, take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in camp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicine depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, yet no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.
June 10, 1870.—1y

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FOR

CLEANING THE BLOOD

WILL CURE

Scrofula, Cutaneous Diseases, Erysipelas, Boils, Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Pimples and Blotches on the Face, Tetter Affections, Old and Stubborn Ulcers, Rheumatic Affections, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Salt, Rheum, Jaundice, General Debility, Chills and Fever, Foul Stomach, together with all other Diseases Arising from Impure Blood and Disordered Liver.

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Be sure to get the genuine. None genuine unless signed D. FAHRNEY & SON.
June 10, 1870.—6m

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